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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Gov. Goebel, of Kentucky, died at 6 44 o'clock yesterday evening. —— Republican officials at Frankfort refused to recognize the writ of habeas corpus issued by Judge Moore for release of the stenographer, Scott, who was arrested after serving notice of injunction on Gov. Taylor. —— Americans in the Philippines are rapidly opening up the hemp ports; have captured artillery and supplies and several towns from the insurgents. —— The House passed the Indian Appropriation bill. —— Two badly battered schooners towed into Norfolk. —— The Commercial and Farmers' Bank at Rock Hill, S C., closed its doors yesterday. —— Judge Cantrill, of the Circuit Court of Kentucky has granted a temporary injunction restraining Taylor from interfering with the Legislature. —— Gov. Taylor has been advised from Washington, D. C., to let the Legislature meet at Frankfort, Kentucky. —— Postmaster Kees-e, of Danville, Virginia, was struck by a train and killed. —— New York markets: Money on call nominal at 4@5 per cent; cotton quiet and steady; middling uplands 8 5-16c; flour was quiet and easy; wheat—spot steady; No 2 red 75c at elevator; corn—spot firm; No. 2 40½c; oats—spot dull; No. 2 29½c; rosin firm; strained common to good $1.62½; spirits turpentine strong at 55½@56c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 3.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 37 degrees; 8 P. M., 49 degrees; maximum, 59 degrees; minimum, 36 degrees; mean, 48 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, 0.; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 0 00 inches.

Stage of water at Fayetteville 4 6 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—For North Carolina—Rain Sunday, with warmer in eastern portion; fresh southeasterly winds; rain and cooler Monday.

Port Almanac—Feb. 4.

Sun Rises	6 59 A. M.
Sun Sets	5 29 P. M.
Day's Length	10 30 M.
High Water at Southport	11 49 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	2 19 A. M.

A girl died recently in Canada who had two hearts. This was somewhat of an offset to the girls who have no hearts at all.

The Indian is catching on to modern civilization and methods. The treasurer of the Seneca nation, a full blooded Indian, turns up $1,000 short in his accounts.

England proposes to equip another flying squadron. With her flying squadrons on sea and her flying brigades in South Africa, she will get up a reputation of being a flying old nation.

The Supreme Court of Ohio has sustained the anti-trust law of that State and knocked out the Standard Oil trust, one of those beneficent institutions which is doing business for the benefit of the public.

There is a fellow in Chicago who is raking in the lucre by telling other folks by letter how to get rich. Judging from his mail he is said to be raking in from $2,000 to $3,000 from the confiding innocents.

An exchange remarks that one of the prosperous newspaper owners in Chicago was once a pie builder. That was Mr. Kolsaaht, who was a baker, and still runs a big bakery in Chicago. But he hasn't gone entirely out of the pi business yet.

An officer in the Philippines says one of the difficulties in capturing Aguinaldo is that all the Filipino "coons look alike" and if Aguinaldo shucked his clothes and put on another fellow's you would take him for the other fellow.

They have discovered near Birmingham, Ala., a pit apparently without a bottom, at least within reach. We ought to have something like that in this State for Marion Butler to crawl into when the constitutional amendment is carried.

The police of Quincy, Ill., are somewhat peculiar. They opened a fusillade the other night on some fellows who had come to town to inaugurate the safe-cracking business, and at the first crack at them, instead of shooting some unsuspecting citizen, killed two of them and crippled the third.

One of the most interesting and valued church papers in this State is the Raleigh *Christian Advocate*, the organ of the North Carolina M. E. Conference South, which is not only edited with signal ability, but is interesting in all its departments. If merit be a test this should be a very popular paper with the denomination for which it speaks.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Nine marriage licenses were issued by the Register of Deeds during the past week

— The Norwegian steamship *Aquila*, hence for Liverpool, with a cargo of cotton, arrived yesterday.

— The Board of Aldermen and County Commissioners will hold their regular monthly meetings Monday.

— The condition of Capt. Edgar D. Williams was not improved last night, though he is resting very well, the attending physicians say.

— The *Algonquin* will sail Tuesday for another cruise. She will go probably as far as Charleston, remaining away until about the 15th inst.

— Right Rev. Bishop Edward Rondthaler, of Salem, N. C, will occupy the pulpit of the First Presbyterian Church this morning at 11 o'clock and to night at 7.30 o'clock.

— The regular monthly meeting of Cape Fear Camp, No. 254, United Confederate Veterans, will be held tomorrow night at 8 o'clock at the armory of the Wilmington Light Infantry.

— Louis Neally, a white man from Columbus county, was before the Mayor yesterday morning, charged with being drunk and down. He explained that it was his first appearance and he was let off upon payment of a fine of $5 00.

— W. H. Clifford, the white man who some time ago fell from the boiler frame at the plant of the Wilmington Street Railway while in a drunken condition, and who was subsequently declared insane, was released yesterday. He says he is from South Carolina.

— The steamer *Roanoke*, Captain Hand, lumber laden, from Jackson ville to Philadelphia, which put in at this port several days ago in distress, having sprung a leak and sustained an accident to her machinery, is awaiting the arrival of her owner to adjust matters before proceeding on her voyage.

— Twenty out of the twenty-five bags of corn and the team and wagon, which were sunk Friday afternoon at Market street dock, were yesterday recovered by employes of the Brunswick Bridge and Ferry Company. The wagon was wrecked to some extent and the drowned animals were sent out to the Sans Souci fertilizer works.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Jas. D. Nutt—Your health.
A. Shrier—Good shoes cheap.
J. H. Rehder & Co.—Special.
King Grocery Co—Table talk.
M. H. Curran—In the Spring.
Dingelhoef Bros.—Best eyes.
H. L. Fennell—Multitude of defects
Opera House—Hermann the Great.
Warren's Bakery and Cafe—"Ha!"

BUSINESS LOCALS.

P. H Hayden—Buggies.
Wanted—Boarders in private family

C P Lockey, Jr, Arrested.

C. P. Lockey, Jr., was arrested yesterday afternoon on a charge of larceny, preferred in Justice Fowler's court against him, the circumstances of which are that he was exposing for sale a number of stamped envelopes bearing the "return" card of the Standard Oil Company. He confessed to having exposed the property for sale, and it is said he entrusted some to another boy to sell. The envelopes were procured from the room of a young man employed by the Standard Oil Company, whose duties are the mailing of monthly statements, and were carried to his home in order that a part of the work might be done there at night instead of at the office. Lockey was placed in jail, but will probably be released to day, as it is understood the Standard Oil Company doesn't care to prosecute the matter.

Funeral of Mrs. Gerken.

The funeral of Mrs. Anna Gerken took place yesterday morning at 10 o'clock at St Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church and was attended by a large number of sorrowing friends. The solemn services were conducted by the pastor, Rev. Dr. A. G. Voigt, D. D., assisted by the Rev. Dr. G. D. Bernheim. From the church the remains were followed by a large concourse to Oakdale cemetery where the interment was made. The pall bearers were as follows. Honorary—Messrs. H VonGlahn and F. W. Ortmann; active—Messrs. John Haar, J. F Solter, Eduard Peschau, H. Boesch, Peter Fick and H. Rehder.

Brought Down an Opossum.

An animated clucking from the hennery in the back yard of Dr. W. D. McMillan's residence on Dock street Friday night betokened that the usual serenity at night time of a brood of chickens quartered there, had been broken by an intruder. Mr. Henry J. McMillan, who investigated the cause of the disturbance, found that a big 'possum had invaded the place and a crack shot by lamp light brought the offender down. Other instances of like character in the city within the past few months indicate that one doesn't have to go to the country for sport at possum hunting these days.

Impromptu German.

It is now an established fact that an impromptu german will be given at the Masonic Temple on Wednesday, February 7th. Haywood's band will furnish the music and a delightful evening is anticipated.

Those members of L'Arioso and L'Agile German Clubs desiring to attend will find the list at Yarborough and Murray's barber shop.

IT'S ALL OVER NOW WITH THE SHIP SUBSIDY.

The Chamber of Commerce Refused to Endorse the Measure—Government Control of Pilotage Disapproved.

According to adjournment at its regular meeting on Thursday afternoon, the Chamber of Commerce met at 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon to hear the report of the committee appointed to consider the ship subsidy bill and report on the proposition for the Chamber to endorse that measure.

President Worth presided, and Col. John L. Cantwell, the secretary, was present. Nineteen members of the Chamber were in attendance, those, in addition to the president and secretary, being as follows: Messrs. R W. Hicks, D. L. Gore, G. J. Boney, F. L. Huggins, H G. Smallbones, A. B. Skelding, J. A. Taylor, W. J. Martin, George R French, H. A. Burr, R. M. Wescott, T. D. Meares, P. Pearsall, John E Crow, T. W. Clawson, Col. Walker Taylor and Col F. W. Kerchner. Present by invitation were Mayor A. M. Waddell and Capt. L. F. Craig, secretary of the Cape Fear Towing and Transportation Company.

It will be remembered that at the meeting on Thursday, President W. E. Worth and Messrs. J. A. Taylor, R. W. Hicks, George R French and F. L. Huggins were appointed a committee to report back recommendations as to endorsing the measure now pending in Congress, known as the Ship Subsidy bill, which, with a view to building up the American merchant marine, provides for the payment of subsidies to ship owners in an amount not exceeding $9,000,000 a year for a period of twenty years.

After President Worth had stated that the meeting was ready to hear the report of the committee, Mr. R W. Hicks, of the committee, stated that the committee had brought in majority and minority reports. He then presented and had the secretary to read the majority report. This report was signed by President Worth and Messrs. R W. Hicks and George R French, and it was an endorsement of the bill, with strong arguments in favor of the measure.

Mr. J. Allen Taylor, of the committee, tendered and had read the minority report, signed by himself and Mr. F. L. Huggins. The report was against endorsing the bill, as it "embodies an obnoxious principle and carries an unjustifiable expenditure of public money." The report then embodies a lengthy argument against the bill, set forth in nine sections, which summarized, are as follows: That "subsidy is a species of protection;" that it is "class legislation;" that "protection in any form is wrong in principle;" that the claim that a subsidy of $9,000,000 annually for 20 years, resulting in an increase of American tonnage, will cause a decrease of the protection to ship owners on a declining scale, is an unwarranted claim; that there is no power to bind future legislation and no guarantee that there will not be more extravagant subsidy measures; that if the $9,000,000 a year will prove insufficient to produce the result desired, there will be supplemental legislation increasing the subsidy without the least regard for those upon whom the burden must fall; that there is now no lack of ships to move the commerce of the world, as stated recently by the president of the International Museum of Philadelphia, Pa.; that the decline in American shipping antedates the civil war, and is not due to a lack of protection, but because the development of the West has been more inviting to capitol, making it more profitable to let the foreigner carry our international commerce while we engaged in the more lucrative occupation of creating commerce; that there is no complaint that freight in foreign bottoms is too high, and that there is no reason to believe that a subsidy will lower freights. The report concludes as follows: "We believe that an American marine will come in the natural evolution of economic conditions, and until the time is ripe for such a development, we think it unsound public policy to force by public taxation a condition economically unsound and unjust to the many."

After the reports had been made, Capt. T. D. Meares moved that the minority report be adopted, and the motion was seconded by Mr. John E. Crow.

A lengthy discussion then followed, remarks in opposition to subsidizing ship owners and in favor of the minority report being made by Messrs. J. A. Taylor, D. L. Gore, T. D. Meares, S. F Craig, G. J. Boney, Col. Walker Trylor, Col. F. W. Kerchner and Mayor Waddell.

Arguments in favor of the majority report, endorsing the bill, were made by President Worth, and Messrs. H. G. Smallbones and R. W. Hicks. During the discussion there was a running debate at times, and when the question was called the vote resulted in the adoption of the minority report by a vote of ten to six. Three members did not vote.

On motion of Capt. T. D. Meares, the secretary was instructed to send Congressman Small a copy of the minority report as adopted.

After the subsidy bill had been snowed under, President Worth again presented and read the bill which takes the licensing of pilots out of the hands of the individual States and puts it under the control of the Federal government and in the hands of the steamboat inspectors. He stated that Congressman J. H. Small, of the Second North Carolina District, had requested that the Chamber express its views on the bill, and that when it was placed before the Chamber on Thursday it was referred to Capt. S. F. Craig, secretary of the pilots' association, in order to ascertain the stand which the pilots take toward the measure.

Capt. Craig being present, spoke against endorsing the bill, as the pilots were unutterably opposed to any Federal interference with the pilotage system. He said the bill proposed no better system for the regulation of pilotage than that now in operation by the States, and that it was nonsense to take the licensing of pilots out of the present hands and place it in the power of steamboat inspectors who may know nothing of the qualifications for a pilot.

On motion of Col. F. W. Kerchner, seconded by Col. Walker Taylor, a motion was adopted protesting against the pilotage bill and requesting the North Carolina Congressmen to vote against it.

The Chamber then adjourned.

WILMINGTON COTTON MILL RUNNING NIGHT AND DAY.

Orders Ahead for Six Months—The Mill Improved Throughout With New Machinery—Ten Neat Cottages.

It is gratifying for the STAR to note that the Wilmington Cotton Mill, the first cotton industry of the city, is keeping up with the procession in the onward march of progress. Under its progressive management, the latest improved machinery is constantly being installed in all the departments, and the mill is in first class condition throughout. In the past few days a lot of machinery has arrived and is being added to the finishing department. It is now an up to date mill, and is a pride to our city.

In addition to thousands of dollars worth of new machinery, Contractor Benson has completed and yesterday turned over to the company ten neat new four to five room cottages for operatives. They are nicely painted, and will be occupied by a number of operatives who are to remove here from the up country.

The factory employs over 300 hands and is operated night and day to keep up with orders. The mill manufactures a superior quality of outing cloths, and has orders ahead way up into the Summer, with prospects ahead for an indefinite period.

SCHOONER IN DISTRESS.

Penobscott Sprung Leak Last Sunday and Later Struck on the Bar.

The American schooner *Penobscott*, 348 tons, Captain Fellbrook, bound from Jacksonville, Fla., to New York with a cargo of rough lumber, was towed into this port yesterday morning in distress and is awaiting advices from her owners.

Sunday morning, the 28th ult., she sprung a leak while 145 miles east of Frying Pan lightship, and at one time she had four feet of water in the hold. A part of the deck load had to be abandoned, and with head wind and bad leak Captain Fellbrook decided to bear up for the Cape Fear. Early yesterday morning, in an endeavor to enter, she struck on the bar, where she remained until the steamer *Wilmington* went to her assistance, pulled her off and proceeded with her in tow to this port, as stated. She is consigned to Messrs. J. T. Riley & Co.

PRESENTED TO THE W. L. I.

Engraving of Bachelder's Famous Painting "Longstreet's Assault" at Gettysburg.

A steel engraving by H. B. Hall, Jr., of Bachelder's famous painting "Longstreet's Assault" at the battle of Gettysburg, historically arranged, was yesterday presented to the Wilmington Light Infantry by its former captain, Col. W. L. DeRosset, late colonel of the Third North Carolina Infantry, C. S. A.

The engraving is an accurate and very pretty one about 24x36 inches in size and with the key to same is handsomely framed. It will be formally presented to the company at its next regular meeting.

Trains Soon to Run to the Beach.

Captain Oscar Grant, superintendent of the Wilmington Seacoast Railway, expects to have trains running over the Wrightsville Sound trestle to the beach in the next two weeks. The damage done to the trestle by the West India hurricane has been repaired and the track relaid on the trestle, and but for the pile driver being used in driving new piling along the trestle the trains could now pass over.

Work will soon begin on the beach track which was destroyed by the storm. It will be run straight up the Banks Channel, further away from the ocean than it was before.

As soon as the track is laid, Carolina and Clarendon Yacht Clubs will rebuild their club houses. They will also be set back at a greater distance from the ocean.

Wilbur-Kirwin Company.

After an eminently successful engagement the Wilbur-Kirwin Company concluded last evening a five-night series of charming opera, presenting the "Pirates of Morocco."

The performance was well received and deserved the frequent applause elicted.

Miss Alice Hare, as *Paquita*, displayed great ability as a singer and was particularly charming and attractive.

The Wilbur-Kirwin Company's engagement this season has been characterized by excellent singing and elaborate costumes and on the whole the performances have been of a high order.

TELEGRAPH OFFICE ENTERED.

Postal Branch Office Broken Into Friday Night—Intruder Badly Fooled as to Contents of Safe.

The branch office of the Postal Telegraph Cable Company, in the old C. F. & Y. V. depot at foot of Grace street, was entered Friday night by would be safe blowers, but fortunately they were disappointed at not finding cash booty and left without stealing anything.

In the office is an old railroad safe, practically worn out, which is used only for storing telegraph blanks and other things of little value, and it was this that caught the eye of the robber, who evidently thought the safe was a depository for the Postal's funds. Several inside drawers and lockers of the safe were pried open with a knife and in his eagerness to open others which would not yield to the knife, they were burst, after which the whole interior of the safe was set on fire, with what intent, of course, cannot be conceived. Ink bottles were turned over and blanks scattered promiscuously over the floor, but nothing was stolen so far as could be discerned by Mr. A. B. Robinson, the operator, who discovered the intrusion when he opened the office yesterday morning. The lid was lifted from a Smith Premier typewriter, which was in the office, but it was not taken away.

Entrance was gained by bursting the latch and raising one of the front windows opening on Water street.

THE NAVAL STORES' BOOM.

Spirits Turpentine at 53½ Cents and Rosin as High as $1.40—Tar and Crude Turpentine.

There appears to be no end to the healthy advances that have marked the naval stores market for the past several months. When spirits went to five cents early in the season it was said that the top notch had been reached, but for the past three weeks it has gradually crawled higher and higher until the close of the week yesterday when sales were reported as high as 53½ cents with a firm tone of the market. The receipts for the crop year thus far have been well in advance of those for a corresponding period last year and the crop has been marketed, it is said, as fast as produced.

There is a slight falling off of receipts of rosin up to this time, but what has been lost to the turpentine farmer in quantity has been well made up in prices. The closing quotations yesterday were firm at $1 35 per barrel for strained and $1 40 per barrel for good strained, which is the highest ruling price for a number of years. On a corresponding day in 1899, dealers only offered 90@95 cents per barrel for the two grades, showing a gain in price over last year of about fifty per cent.

Tar is now bringing $1.30 per barrel against $1.10 last year and crude turpentine is $1.75 per barrel for hard and $3 00 for dip as compared with $1.35@$2 40 last year. Upon the whole, the prospects are very bright for turpentine men and in April they will have closed probably one of the most successful business years in their history.

HERRMANN THE GREAT.

Next Thursday, the 8th Inst., After Which the Opera House Will Be Closed for Two Weeks.

Manager Schloss has provided Wilmington theatre-goers with almost every kind of entertainment known to the stage—minstrel, farce, opera, comedy and drama—and a really high class magical performance will now be welcomed as a novelty.

Leon Herrmann, the third of the famous family to attain prominence as a magician, will appear at the Opera House next Thursday. This will be the first appearance in this city of Leon, the latest and last of the Herrmanns, and the only member of that famous family now before the public. As his predecessor before him assumed the title of "Herrmann the Great" and gave that title to a trademark of value, so has Leon assumed the same title, and planted it more firmly in the affection of theatre goers, as representing the premier magical entertainer of the world.

The four Luciers, well and favorably known as musicians of excellence will play a number of difficult, classical and popular selections on numerous musical instruments.

Skuld's Third Voyage.

The Norwegian steamship *Skuld*, Capt. Olsen, of the Sprunt Line, was cleared yesterday morning for her third voyage across the ocean with cotton this season. She goes this time with 5,200 bales consigned to parties in Ghent, Belgium, and is one of the fastest of the Sprunt Line. Mr. Sprunt informs the STAR that the *Skuld* will return for the fourth trip as soon as the present cargo is discharged. It is, however, not probable that she will make the another trip with cotton this season.

Making a Run on Shoes.

Mr. A. Shrier, the men's furnisher, corner Front and Princess streets, speaks interestingly in his advertisement this morning of his line of fine shoes for men. He is making a special run this week on this class of goods, and respectfully invites an inspection by the public, especially of the $3 line. He also claims the most stylish line of 50 cents neckwear in the city.

MANUFACTURING SPIRIT MOVING IN WIMINGTON.

The Monied Men Readily Buying Cotton Mill Stock—Delgado Paper Selling Above Par.

A decided interest in manufacturing has been aroused in Wilmington of late. That the spirit of our people is moving is evinced by the active demand for cotton mill stocks by the monied men of the city. Yesterday a few shares of Delgado mill stock sold at $106 per share, and a higher price was declined by some holders. It is a good sign to see our citizens putting their faith and money in home industries.

It is a settled fact that the Delgado mill will be doubled. It is hinted that there has already been a casting about for brick for mill No. 2 The fact of the business is, it is no secret that the shafting of the new mill comes clear through the north wall, showing that the enlargement of the mill has been provided for. If one will look at the tower, it may be seen that it was put up with a view to its being in the centre of a bigger mill instead of at one end as it now stands. It is said another mill of the same size and style will be run out towards the office building on the mineral spring side. A glance will show that the ground has been reserved there upon which to build it.

A SENSATIONAL INCIDENT.

In Connection With Concert of the Famous Blind Pianist Perry.

At his concert last winter at Galveston, Texas, Mr. Perry, who will give one of his popular Lecture Recitals in the Y. M. C. A. auditorium in this city to morrow and Tuesday nights, played his Ballade of Lost Island, a composition which was suggested by the description of the destruction of Lost Island, a famous watering place in the Gulf of Mexico, written by Lafcadio Hearn for Harper's Magazine, and entitled "Chita, or the Legend of Lost Island."

At the close of Mr. Perry's performance, quite a sensation, it is said, was created by a member of the audience rushing up onto the stage in great excitement and insisting upon showing Mr. Perry, a gold repeater, with the names of several victims of the disaster whom he had rescued engraved upon it. This person announced that he had been cruising in the Gulf, but was safe in harbor at the time of the cyclone, and went out with his yacht the morning after the catastrophe, and picked up several unfortunates who had been staying at the summer hotel on the island, and who had survived the night by clinging to floating doors, tables, and the like. In gratitude for their preservation, they presented him with the repeater. He was vastly surprised and delighted that his own adventure had found a setting in literature and music, and the incident gave quite a realistic touch to that number of the programme.

Mr. Perry will play his Ballade of Last Island in his recital here to-morrow night. Tickets for the two concerts 50 cents.

To Open the Quarries To-morrow.

The STAR a few days ago stated that the Streets and Wharves Committee of the Board of Aldermen had employed Mr. J. P. Jones to superintend the rock quarries on the lands along Burnt Mill Creek, recently leased from Mr. W. A. Wright.

Yesterday Alderman Hugh MacRae, chairman of the Streets and Wharves Committee, went out to Burnt Mill Creek in company with Superintendent Jones, and they made sufficient investigation to convince them that there is a bounteful supply of limestone or shell rock for street purposes to be had along the creek.

Work on the quarries will be commenced to-morrow with the regular force of city hands.

Closed the Deal.

Mr. Lynn Hahn, manager of Cranberry Inn, Cranberry, N. C., who arrived in Wilmington last Wednesday, on yesterday closed the deal with Mr. Hugh MacRae for the management of Eseola Inn, at that delightful mountain resort, Linville.

Mr. Hahn, who is an experienced, successful and popular manager of Summer resort hotels, will manage both inns. He will open them to guests June 1st, and as both resorts are the most attractive and delightful in the mountain region of North Carolina, he expects to keep both houses crowded with guests. He will be in the city till to morrow.

LADIES' BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.

The Benevolent Society return sincere thanks for contributions to the Catherine Kennedy Home during the past month: Mrs. John Dudley, Mrs. W. S Warrock, Mrs. R. M. McIntyre, Mrs. R R Bridgers, Mrs. H F. Wilder, Mrs. T. D. Walker, Mrs. Roger Moore, Mrs. J. L. Cantwell, Mrs. Alice Everett, Mrs. B. F. Hall, Mrs. Wm. Gilchrist, Miss Watters, Miss Louise Harlowe, Miss Puss Hancock, Mrs. R J. Bunting, Mr. Hicks Bunting, Mr J. F. Garrell, refreshments from Commities of Daughters of the Confederacy through Miss Louise Harlowe. The regular monthly meeting will be held next Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock promptly.

A Suspected Case.

A suspected case of smallpox at No. 807 Wooster street—the residence of Deputy Sheriff G. W. Millis—was called to the attention of Dr. W. D. McMillan yesterday afternoon at 2 30 o'clock. The patient is a small child of Mr. Millis and the house was quarantined pending a more minute diagnosis of the case, which will be made by Drs. McMillan and Wertenbaker this morning. There were no other reported cases yesterday.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. V. S. Stevens, of Southport, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. H. Stone, of Little River, spent yesterday in the city.

— Mr. S. H. Loftin, and son, of Kinston, spent yesterday in the city.

— Mr. Sig C. Myer, of Philadelphia, is among the travelling men at The Orton.

— Editor C. L. Stevens, of the Newbern *Journal*, was here yesterday on his way to Southport to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Stevens.

— Miss Annie Nash, who has been in the city for some time on a visit to Mrs. W. L DeRosset, returned to her home at Tarboro yesterday morning.

— Dr. E. J. Nixon, of the A. C. L. Relief Department, left yesterday for Selma to look after a reported case of smallpox. The patient is said to be an A. C. L. employe.

— Our former young townsman Mr. W. N. Bowden, secretary to the general auditor of the Seaboard Air Line, Portsmouth, Va., arrived here yesterday on a visit to relatives. His numerous friends were glad to see him.

The Helper.

The new religious paper, *The Helper*, spoken of a few days ago by THE STAR as soon to appear, came from the press last night. It is published in the interest of the Baptist churches of Wilmington and the Eastern Association. It is edited and managed by the Rev. J. J. Payseur, pastor of the Brooklyn Baptist Church, and his assistant editors are the Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell, pastor of the First Baptist Church, and the Rev. R. H. Herring, pastor of South Side Baptist Church. The paper is printed by Mr. S. G. Hall, and the first number is typographically tidy. There is a refreshing crispness in the editorial matter, and THE STAR will add that its best wishes are that the management will meet with abundant financial success and achieve all that's aimed at in the sphere of usefulness marked out for *The Helper*.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE
Thursday, February 8th.
The World Famous Prestidigitator,
Hermann The Great,
In Startling Sensations and Illusions.
Marvelous Legerdemain.
Interpolated Vaudeville by
THE QUEEN OF LIGHT, SOLARET,
The Beautiful Drapery Dancer.
The Monarchs of the Musical World,
4 Luciers 4
Introducing the Noted Blind Cornetist,
Mr J. R. LUCIER
feb4 3t su tu th

LISTER'S GUANOS,
PURE GERMAN KAINIT.
SEED POTATOES—White Bliss, Early Rose, Early Ohios.
SEED OATS—White and Rust Proof.
Vegetable Baskets for shipping.
HALL & PEARSALL,
Nutt and Mulberry Streets.
ja 30 tf

"SANDERS"
Has lots of Nice Things at
"The Unlucky Corner"
At regular prices, and some
BARGAINS.
Notably—Smoked Beef Tongues at 25c. each. Large Fish Roe 45c dozen, worth 60c.
DELICIOUS ORANGES
Something New—
Canned Peaches in Cordial.
feb 1 tf

"Ha! Ha!! Ha!!!"
"I was in Warren's Cafe and got the finest Porterhouse Steak I ever ate. When you want anything in the eating line, call and see them."
Warren's Steam Bakery and Cafe,
Opposite Masonic Temple.
feb 4 tf

Pianoforte Lecture-Recital
By Edward Baxter Perry, the Eminent Blind Pianist,
Y. M. C. A. Auditorium,
Feb. 5 and 6, 8.30 P. M.
Admission 50 cents. One ticket admits to both Concerts.
Tickets and reserved seats without extra cost can be secured at Yates' Book Store.
Box Sheet open Saturday morning.
ja 31 5t we th sa su tu

YOUR HEALTH.
That most precious of all gifts—have you lost it? Or do you wish to regain it?
Will you give Nature a chance to make you well?
Is there not a regular satisfaction in the thought of a natural cure, and does not a cure brought about by natural means carry with it a sense of absolute security?
Constipation, water-gall and bowels become foul from gradually deposited impurities, in such cases the water is turned on full force. How dirty the water that at first issues from the hydrant! but, gradually clearing, it becomes pure and clean. This is but the flushing of the pipes with an abundant supply of water, thus forcing out all impurities.
There are times when the system is all clogged up with impurities. At such times, instead of dosing with medicines for the purification of the blood, flush the system with Bartum Rock Spring water. Nature's Blood Purifier.
Physicians prescribe it for Eczema, Blood Poison, Rheumatism, Cancer, Liver and Stomach Troubles, Falling Hair &c.
For sale by
JAS. D. NUTT.
feb 4 tf Wilmington, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE BEST EYES
Are those given the best care throughout all periods of one's life. "I used to have the best eyes," is a common expression. These people very likely have bad eyes now because neglectful of the care necessary to keep them good. Let us help keep yours good. If you haven't good ones let us assist in making them good. Right glass aid—that's what we offer.
DINGELHOEF BROS., Scientific Opticians.
feb 4 tf

"Don't Swap Horses WHILE CROSSING THE STREAM."
There is solid sense in the above. It is better to keep safe on solid ground before trying something new and untried. For many years smokers have smoked the unmatchable.
"Cuban Blossom" Cigars.
We can't convince you unless you give this Fine Cigar a trial and then you will be convinced without doubt. And in future be a friend of this famous Cigar. This cigar contains the choicest selected Havana, being mild and a pleasure to smoke.
We only sell our goods through dealers, as is well understood.
VOLLERS & HASHAGEN, Manufacturers' Agents.
ja 9 tf

J. W. MURCHISON & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Hardware, Tinware,
FINE CUTLERY,
GUNS,
PISTOLS,
AMMUNITION,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
STOVES, &c.
We carry large stocks of everything in our line, to which we invite the special attention of Country Merchants.
J. W. MURCHISON & CO.,
Orton Building,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Red Wine and Dan River TOBACCO.
It Sounds Nice and Chews Nice.
Buy the grades: Long Leaf, Peach and Honey, and School Boy Tobacco;
King William Straight Flour, Wood Chuck, Volunteer, Little Giant and Big Bar Soaps.
Sugar, Rice, Coffee, Meats, Lard and Molasses.
Everything in the Grocery line. Give us the orders; we'll do the rest.
We have several thousand feet of No 1 Dressed Ceiling and Flooring
on consignment also some Fine Moulding.
Get our prices before purchasing.
T. D. LOVE.

Steamer for Fayetteville Mondays and Thursdays. Passengers, freight and towage. For rates apply to T D LOVE, ja 31 tf General Agent.

A Multitude of Defects
can be covered with a quart of varnish and a can of paint.
The utility of our BUGGIES extends beneath the surface. They are made for something besides show.
We will save you money.
H. L. FENNELL, The Horse Milliner, Masonic Temple.
feb 4 tf

500 BARRELS POTATOES IN BAGS.
Early Ohio, Early Rose, Burbanks, Bliss, Triumph. Now ready for delivery; former yield being 18 to 25 barrels to one barrel sowed.
R. F. KEITH CO., Wholesale Grocers.
ja 31 1m D&W Wilmington, N. C.

1900 FEBRUARY 1900						
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
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25	26	27	28			

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter 6 11:23 a.m. | Full Moon 14 8:06 a.m.
Third Quarter 22 11:44 a.m.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 4.

A CONTRAST WITH A MORAL.

Lancaster county, Pa., seems to be pretty well supplied with money and with banks, in striking contrast to other sections of the country which are not so fortunate. We gather as much from the following from the Baltimore *Sun*, based on figures presented by the Philadelphia *Manufacturer*:

"In a recent issue the Philadelphia *Manufacturer* contrasts the banking facilities of Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, with those of seven Southern States, with the result of showing that those States seem to need more banks and fewer orators to rave against the money power. Lancaster county, with an area of 1,000 square miles, a population of 150,000, 9 000 farms assessed at nearly $90 000,000 and agricultural products of $7 657.790, has 26 national banks, with capital stock of $3 650,000, and note circulation of $1,078,430. The people have $21.500.000 invested in judgments and mortgages. It may be said that much of this money has been drawn from the South in tariff taxes levied for the benefit of Pennsylvania manufacturers, but the fact remains that the abundant banking facilities of Lancaster county are a good thing for the people there, making it possible to get loans at low rates of interest. The individual deposits in the 26 banks aggregate $5,568 909; the loans and discounts 7 985.501. Taking North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and Arkansas together, the *Manufacturer* finds that they average 19 banks each, with $2.208 571 of capital, $596 171 of notes in circulation, $4.083.176 of deposits, and $5.084.224 of loans and discounts. Of course lack of density of population, the loss of capital caused by the Civil War, the presence of a large unthrifty colored element and the absence of Federal tariff favors account largely for the difference between Lancaster county and the average Gulf State. The moral drawn by the manufacturer is this: "The conditions which account for such disparity in banking facilities as are revealed in the foregoing comparison are conspicuous factors in the problem of national banking. They render impossible of attainment the proposal of some enthusiastic currency reformers, viz: a banking system which will furnish equal facilities to and make credit equally available in all portions of the country and distribute the loanable capital of the country so as to meet the needs of all sections. This might be possible in a country of more homogeneous conditions than ours, but here and now it is one of the 'iridescent dreams' of financial Utopia, for dissimilar conditions will never yield similar or equal results in banking any more than in other re lms. The best we can do will be an approximation to this ideal."

We infer from this that the *Manufacturer* attributes the scarcity of money and the few banks in the South to the orators who "rave against the money power," but the "ravings" of the orators have as little to do with that as they have with the abundance or scarcity of tea in China. It has been alleged that the agitation of the money question in the South has kept capital out of it, but it hasn't kept a dollar out that otherwise would have found investment in this section. It hasn't prevented outside capital from buying water powers, iron mines and coal mines and timber lands, nor from being interested in Southern railroads, electric power plants, and other enterprises. As far as political agitators are concerned we have no more of them in the South than they have in the North and there isn't a bit more "pizen" in the average Southern "orator" than there is in the orator on the other side of the line.

Lancaster is in a manufacturing section which for thirty odd years has been, as the *Sun* remarks, reaping the benefit of a protective tariff, which imposed tribute on the people for the benefit of the protected industries. These industries with the monopoly of the home market and the opportunity to put their own prices on their goods without fear of outside competition enriched their favored operators and made money plentiful in their localities. The presumption is that farming pays pretty well, too, in that county, where the farms are assessed at an average valuation of $10,000, and the probability is that they are not very large farms, probably not a hundred acres, if as much.

Under ordinary circumstances, situated in a manufacturing section as they are, the people of Lancaster county should be reasonably prosperous, and having been so long favored with extraordinary advantages money should be, as it is, abundant with them.

The *Manufacturer* draws a "moral" from of its own figures. The moral is good enough but it doesn't go far enough for the moral itself carries with it another moral which teaches that one set of interested individuals, or one interested section should not be permitted to dictate the financial system for a whole country the conditions of whose respective sections are so dissimilar and in many respects so opposite. The *Manufacturer's* moral recognizes the folly of undertaking to equalize the financial facilities in sections which differ materially from each other but it has nothing to say about the financiering statesmen who are endeavoring to make a pet banking system fit every section of the country, which it doesn't do much better now than it did thirty years ago, and which it will never do fully because "it isn't built that way."

Isn't there on the face of it something radically defective in a banking system which gives one county in the State of Pennsylvania, a county with only 150,000 population, twenty-six national banks, while seven of the leading Southern States have an average of only nine each, with a little more than half the note circulation than this one county has? The fact is that the North has pre-empted, so to speak, the national banks and the South can't have them if she wants them, or at least can't have them without paying a price for the bonds as a basis for circulation that would leave margin for very little if any profit on the investment. As the national banks are cornered on Government bonds the Eastern capitalists who make a specialty of Government bonds have and will hold a corner on them. They will buy and control all that are issued. If a national bank be projected in the South its projectors must go to them to buy the bonds they desire and pay them the price they ask. These bonds now would cost about seventeen per cent. above the face value, and then the bank could issue notes to the amount of only ninety per cent. of the face value, thereby sinking about twenty-seven per cent. in the transaction.

Is it strange under these circumstances that there are so few national banks in the South compared with the North, or that there is so little prospect of many being organized, or that note circulation is so small compared with some States in the North? However much we might desire national banks we couldn't have many of them because the bonds on which they are based are controlled by combinations which are interested in keeping down the volume of the currency to force people who want notes to get them from them and pay the price they ask for them.

And yet the men who are running the financial system of the country stubbornly refuse to put it in the power of the Southern people to establish banks for themselves, to supply themselves with the paper currency they need, and for which they would not ask the Government of the United States to stand sponsor or assume any responsibility. The Northern money lenders have their grip on the banks and intend to hold it while they can.

ANOTHER PROPOSED SHIP CANAL.

We have written something abou the proposed conversion of the Erie canal into a ship canal, and about the canal connecting Lake Michigan with the Mississippi river, the ultimate purpose being to convert this into a ship canal for vessels to come and go from the Gulf to the lakes. There is a scheme for another canal connecting Lake Erie with the Ohio river, which has been under consideration for several years and to which reference is made in the following, which we clip from the New York *Sun*:

"The feasibility and importance of making a ship canal between Lake Erie and the Ohio River are urged in a report which Chief Engineer Perkins has just made to the Ohio Canal Board. Several routes are described and the project which is especially commended, on the score of economy, is the enlargement and deepening of the present Ohio Canal from Cleveland to Coshocton, whence the Muskingum River might be utilized to Marietta on the Ohio. Thus a waterway, 246 miles long, navigable for lake vessels drawing nine or ten feet, would connect Lake Erie and Ohio at a cost, according to the estimates, of $18,000,000.

"The people of Ohio and western Pennsylvania seem heartily in favor of a canal that will make it possible to carry wheat and iron ore from Lake Superior to the bituminous coal fields of those States and coal from their mines to Lake Superior without breaking bulk. They are not agreed, however, as to the route to be followed, and Sandusky, Toledo, Cleveland and Ashtabula all desire to be the lake terminus of the ship canal. The committee of the Pittsburg Chamber of Commerce, in 1897, especially recommended the route from Ashtabula to Pittsburg. It is certain that only one canal will be built, and it remains to be seen whether conflicting local interests will long delay the carrying out of a project already authorized by the Legislatures of Ohio and Pennsylvania. The report of the Pittsburg Chamber of Commerce in 1897 declared that the cost of transporting ore by canal from Ashtabula to Pittsburg would not exceed thirty eight cents a ton, a saving of seventy-seven cents over the cost by rail. Over 18,500,000 tons of freight, including iron ore, coal, coke, lumber and other manufactured articles, are moving every year between Lake Erie and the Ohio, and on an estimate that this cheaper water route would command a tonnage of 13,000,000, the report based its calculation that the canal would be a financial success. About 2,000 000 people live within a radius of sixty miles of Pittsburg."

It is said that since the South has become such a potent factor in the iron-manufacturing business cheaper transportation for ores will be a matter of necessity to preserve the iron-manufacturing industry of Pennsylvania, without which she would be deprived of one of her main sources of wealth. This fact being pretty generally recognized, it is said there would be little difficulty in raising the amount of money necessary to accomplish this work.

BASIC INDUSTRIES.

If there ever was any question as to the South's coming to stay as a manufacturer of cotton and iron, there is no longer a question, for it is generally conceded by all who give any attention to industrial movements and progress. The following which we clip from the Philadelphia *Record* is interesting as confirmatory of what we say, and as showing the opinions of two leading journals of the North, both of which give much attention to industrial matters, and neither of which is interested in publishing rosy views of the situations present or prospective in the South. Under the heading "Cotton, Coal, Corn and Iron," the *Record* says:

"The drift southward of cotton manufacture in the United States is progressive and natural. It is like a procession of cotton mills moving toward the cotton fields. But the bulk and swell of the movement is best illustrated by the following figures of growth for 1899, which we copy from the New York *Journal of Commerce*:

Month.	Spindles.	Looms	Investment Estimated
January..	75,656	1.000	$ 1,500 000
February.	42,500	750	722 800
March ...	158 360	2,045	2 692.120
April	82 500	....	1.750,000
May	400,000	....	5 000,000
June	147,000	3.366	2,800.000
July.....	109,600	1.214	2 250,000
August ...	165 000	2,500	3,500 000
Septemb'r	223 000	5 000	4 500 000
October..	118,000	2.000	3 000,000
Novemb'r	150 000	1,500	3.000 000
Decemb'r.	157 700	4,000	3.000,000
Totals ..1,824 716		23,375	$35,714 620

"It is generally predicted that the capacity of the new spindles and looms to be put in operation in the Southern States in 1900 will greatly exceed the output of 1899. Cotton and iron industries in the South, once established, will stay. They are basic. The ore is in the hills; the cotton is indigenous, and there is abundant coal and cheap water power for turning the wheels When the South shall grow its own corn the production of its fields, forests and mines will make it one of the most independent as well as one of the most prosperous areas on the surface of the earth."

FIGHTING THE TRUSTS.

A movement has been started in Pitt county to fight the fertilizer trusts, and a convention of farmers has been called to meet in Greenville on the 10th instant to discuss the ways and means and to take action. The prices of fertilizers have advanced from twenty-five to thirty per cent. and of some brands even more within the past few months. Fertilizer men say this has been necessary on account of the advance in the prices of the materials used in the manufacture of fertilizers. There is some truth in this, how much we do not know, nor do we know to what extent the increased cost of the materials used would justify the increased cost of the fertilizers, but we do know that the farmers who found it no easy matter to pay for the fertilizers they used last year, will find it very difficult to pay for what they use this year, unless they very materially reduce the quantity used.

There are two ways to successfully fight the trusts, and only two that we know of. Meetings and denunciation and resolutions will not do it. The first effective way is to refuse to buy the stuff they make at an excessive price, and the other is for the farmers to give the trusts the go by, and make the fertilizers they use on the farms. Some farmers do that now, for they have the formulas and have no trouble in procuring the necessary materials. If they can do this more cheaply than they can buy the fertilizers of the manufacturers then it is business for them to do it. But trust or no trust, every farmer should give as much attention to the manure department of the farm as he does to his crops. The farmer who fails to do that isn't farming right, and is always at the mercy of those from whom he is compelled to buy fertilizers to make crops.

Rand and McNally, publishers, of Chicago have issued a capital map, of convenient size, under cover, entitled an "Atlas of two Wars." It shows the respective countries bordering on the Atlantic, Pacific and Indian oceans, and presents fine views of the Philippines and of South Africa, which are now the centers of attraction. In addition to this it presents historic facts of interest. They publish a geographical series, weekly, of which this is one, at the price of $12 a year.

The New York *Sun* quotes a Washington paper, which purported to quote a U. S. Senator, to the effect that Andrew Carnegie would chip in liberally to help elect Bryan to the Presidency. He still sticks to the gold standard but believes that the expansion question overshadows the currency question, and hence he wants to see McKinley out and Bryan in. Carnegie is levelheaded on Bryan and might put his money to worse use.

Cold Steel or Death.

"There is but one small chance to save your life and that is through an operation," was the awful prospect set before Mrs. L. B Hunt, of Lime Ridge, Wis., by her doctor after vainly trying to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. He didn't count on the marvelous power of Electric Bitters to cure Stomach and Liver troubles, but she heard of it, took seven bottles, was wholly cured, avoided surgeon's knife, now weighs more and feels better than ever. It's positively guaranteed to cure Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles and never disappoints. Price 50c at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

HOW A SOLDIER IS MADE.

S. E. KISER.

A child is born—it gasps and cries,
And claps its wee fists to its eyes;
It stares at those who stand around,
And sleeps, a stranger unto care,
While she that smiles o'er joys, new found,
Prays for him ere
He needs her prayer.

A hundred childish ills he worries through,
A thousand times his life hangs by a thread;
He falls, when there is nothing else to do,
From some high perch, and strikes up n his head!
Ah, who shall say God keeps him not in sight,
Nor hears the prayers she offers up at night!

Behold him bending o'er his book;
Think on the patience and the care,
The planning and the toil it took
To place him there!

Toil and hope and despair,
Grieving and doubting and joy
Days that were dark and days that were fair,
For those who love the boy;
Years that have wearily dragged,
Years that have joyously passed,
Hopes that have flown and griefs that have lagged—
To make him a man, at last.

Hark to the summons that comes!
Hear the merciless roll of the drums!
The man for whom plans were made,
He for whom schemes were laid,
Must brush them aside, for somewhere
Somebody has wronged some one—
Let the banners wave high in the air,
There is soul stirring work to be done!

Down through the valley and over the slope,
A regiment sweeps to the fray!
What of the prayers, the toil, the hope,
And the lofty plans of yesterday?
An angry shot,
A crimson clot,
And the smiles and tears
Of twenty years
End in a lump of lifeless clay.
—*Cleveland Leader.*

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

— A man's best capital is his industry.—*Stephen Girard.*

— Punctuality, honesty and brevity are the watchwords of life.—*Cyrus W. Field*

— Life is a short day; but it is a working day. Activity may lead to evil; but inactivity cannot be led to good.

— A rule that relates to even to the smallest part of our life is of great benefit to us, merely as it is a rule.—*Law.*

— Don't let your heart grow cold, and you shall have youth with you into the 'teens of your second century.—*Gladstone*

— Whoever pays you more court than he is accustomed to pay either intends to deceive you or finds you necessary to him.—*Courtenay.*

— Every man stamps his value on himself. The price we challenge for ourselves is given us by others. Man is made great or little by his own will —*Schiller.*

— That which is called liberality is frequently nothing more than the vanity of which we are more fond than the thing given.—*Rochefoucauld.*

— There is a deportment which suits the figure and talents of each person; it is always best when we quit it to assume that of another.—*Rousseau.*

— Faithfulness and constancy mean something else beside doing what is easiest and pleasant to our selves. They mean renouncing what ever is opposed to the reliance others have in us—whatever would cause misery to those whom the course of our lives has made dependent on us. —*Beecher.*

— Let us be ourselves and nothing else, only let us be our better selves Let us not cease to breathe from the four winds of heaven; let us not give up our enthusiasm; let us not grow callous und tarnished with the passing of years As one has said: "That only is great which comes from the depths of a pure and true soul."—*Robertson Nicoll.*

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— We are warned that Nicaragua and Costa Rica may refuse us permission to build an interoceanic ditch. But there will be several new governments down there before we are ready to throw dirt.—*Jacksonville Times-Union and Citizen.*

—— The rude untutored Boer has no football, no baseball, not even a croquet game to while away the hours, His only athletic diversion is fighting, and the whiskered fellow appears to have cultivated his abilities in this direction to a really disproportionate and exaggerated degree.—*Chicago News, Ind.*

—— Senator Bacon is forging to the front as the Democratic leader in the United States Senate. His position on the Philippine question from the beginning has been strong, and popular with the people. He made an able speech on Tuesday and a strong exposition of the whole matter.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— "Don't shoot until you can see the whites of their eyes," was the instruction of "Old Hickory" at New Orleans. The patriots obeyed, and when their muskets finally blazed the columns of Packenham were fairly cut to pieces. The Boers are pursuing the same sort of tactics. In many of the dispatches it is stated that the Boers remained perfectly quiet and completely hidden until the British were within two or three hundred yards of them, and then suddenly turned loose a hail of fire and lead.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

A Night of Terror.

"Awful anxiety was felt for the widow of the brave General Burnham of Machias, Me., when the doctors said she could not live till morning" writes Mrs. S. H. Lincoln, who attended her that fearful night. "All thought she must soon die from pneumonia, but she begged for Dr. King's New Discovery, saying that it had more than once saved her life, and had cured her of Consumption. After three small doses she slept easily all night, and its further use completely cured her" This marvelous medicine is guaranteed to cure all Throat, Chest and Lung Diseases. Only 50c and $1 00. Trial bottles 10c at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Morven *News*: One of the most remarkable pieces of African humanity in this country is reported on Mr. Will L. Little's plantation, about fourteen miles from this place. The lad is only thirteen years of age, measures six feet in height and wears a number 13 shoe.

— Nashville *Graphic*: Last week Revenue Officer M. L. Wood captured an illicit distillery near Gold Rock. The owners, who are unknown, came near being captured also. By a run they eluded Officer Wood. There are probably at least a dozen within a radius of ten miles of Nashville.

— Wilson *Times*: Last Wednesday a negro woman who lives in one of the negro houses on the Woodard line on the railroad belonging to Mrs. Warren Woodard, left her six months' infant at home wrapped in a blanket By some means the blanket caught fire and when the mother come she found the little one horribly burnt—one ear being burned off. The babe is doing as nicely now as could be expected.

— Rockingham *Anglo Saxon*: Josh Lilly, a young colored man who worked for Dr. R S Cole, was found dead Tuesday morning a short distance west of town, near Great Falls factory. Coroner Gay summoned a jury and held an inquest over his body, and they came to the conclusion that he froze to death He was found dead lying in an old field, with no signs of foul play.

— Greenville *Reflector*: The man whom Chief of Police James arrested Sunday as the supposed Walter Cotton, escaped murderer from Portsmouth jail, turns out not to be the man wanted. A photograph of this man was taken and sent to Portsmouth for identification when word was sent that he was the wrong man.— A sad tragedy occurred in Washington Wednesday. Two youths, John Cordon and John Williams were both together on the street. Cordon struck Williams in pay, when Williams threw an open knife at Cordon. The blade of the knife struck Cordon in the leg, severing an artery, and he bled to death from the wound a few hours later. Cordon was 18 years of age and Williams 16, both belonging to prominent families.

— Wadesboro *Messenger-Intelligencer*: Since a few days after the recent murder of Mr. U. M. Smith, on the depot road near the residence of Mr H H. McKeithan, it has been believed that Goodin Freeman and Henry White both colored, had some thing to do with the crime. Efforts were made to effect their arrest, but not until last Sunday were they successful They were arrested Sunday afternoon in Darlington, S. C., and brought here Monday.— Mr. Nathan Hightower's store, in Gulledge township, was broken into last Thursday night and a lot of dry goods and groceries stolen therefrom. Sunday Charlie Pratt and Rich Gainis, both colored, were arrested on a warrant charging them with the robbery. They both confessed and Monday they were brought here by Constable R. B. Huntly and placed in jail. The stolen goods were all recovered.

TWINKLINGS.

— He Took the Hint: Jack—"A penny for your thoughts." Nell—"But I dare not tell them to you." Jack—"Why not?" Nell—'Because this isn't a leap year."—*Chicago News.*

— Husband—"What's the matter with the biscuits this morning?" Wife—"It's the fault of the yeast. It failed to make the rise." Husband—"Why don't you use an alarm clock?"

— We were in a bitterly reflective mood to day. "To marry," we mused, "is to purchase bliss at a dear price." "And you don't get it any cheaper at wholesale, either," put in the Sultan of Sulu, who had now to be reckoned with.—*Puck.*

— Smith—I've been thinking seriously of investing some money in stocks. What would you advise me to do? Jones—Have you any real estate? Smith—Yes. Jones—Then I'd advise you to put it in your wife's name—*Chicago News.*

— Edythe—Are Percy and Beatrice engaged? Ethel—Well—er—conditionally. If her papa's wheat deal goes through all right, of course she would look higher than Percy; and if her papa's wheat deal goes to smash, of course Percy would take to the woods.—*Puck.*

— "The ashes," sighed the man, "of my fondest hopes!" Then he smiled in a sweetly resigned way "Perhaps they will make the way to success a bit less slippery for those who follow me!" he said. This sounded so much like Concord philosophy that the man then and there resolved to write a book.—*Detroit Journal.*

— Shooting Tenant (just arrived for the grouse)—"What a beautiful place to live, Dougald!" Dougald—"It's no bad place to live. But what wad ye think of havin' to travel fifteen miles for a glass o' whisky!" Shooting Tenant—"But why don't you buy some and keep it?" Dougald—"Ah, mon, but whisky will na' keep."—*Punch.*

SUNDAY SERVICES.

St. Thomas' Church: First mass 7 A. M.; high mass and sermon, 10.30 A. M; vespers, sermon on indulgencies, 7.45 P. M.

St. Paul's Lutheran Church, Sixth and Market streets, Rev. A. G. Voigt pastor. English services to-day at 11 A M and 7.30 P. M. Sunday school at 3.30 P. M.

St. Matthew's English Lutheran Church, North Fourth street above Bladen, Rev. G. D. Berhneim pastor. Morning service at 11 o'clock; no service at night; Sunday school at 9 30 A. M. All seats free and every person welcome.

St. John's Church, corner Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. James Carmichael, D. D., rector. Services today, fifth Sunday after Epiphany: Litany, sermon and holy communion, 11 A. M; evening prayer, 4 30. Sunday school, 3 30 P. M.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—317 bales cotton, 1 casks spirits turpentine, 16 barrels rosin.

W. C. & A. Railroad—1,159 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 4 barrels rosin, 63 barrels tar

A. & Y. Railroad—56 bales cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 169 barrels rosin, 22 barrels tar, 50 barrels crude turpentine.

C. C. Railroad—42 bales cotton, 17 barrels tar, 69 barrels crude turpentina.

Steamer Seabright—10 casks spirits turpentine, 50 barrels rosin.

Steamer E. A. Hawes—2 bales cotton, 13 casks spirits turpentine, 550 barrels rosin.

Schooner Ruth Darling—6 bales cotton, 5 casks spirits turpentine, 37 barrels rosin.

Total—Cotton, 1,583 bales; spirits turpentine, 37 casks; rosin, 826 barrels; tar, 102 barrels; crude turpentine 119 barrels

A GREAT TRUTH.

All organized living things, whether belonging to the animal or vegetable kingdom contain within themselves the germs of death and decay.

Germs of disease are often generated within the human system through imperfect digestion of food, producing various poisons which scientists have denominated *ptomaines*. A stomach weakened by abuse, gorged with over eating or over burdened with hot bread, too rich or greasy foods or those too highly seasoned, becomes weakened and fails to thoroughly digest the food. A heavy, sodden mass is accumulated in the stomach which to ferment as the first step in its decay, giving off foul gasses to distend the stomach, and poison the blood, until it becomes thin, weak and lacking in the red corpuscles so necessary to perfect health.

The over distended stomach presses upon the heart, and the latter organ is also disturbed through sympathy, the same system of nerves being distributed to both organs. Thus palpitation and irregular action of the heart with its attendant shortness of breath, result, and in time, disease of the heart itself is established.

The gases and other poisons generated from undigested, fermenting and decaying food in the stomach becloud the brain, causing headaches, and pain in the eyes.

Being absorbed into the blood these poisons reach every part and organ of the system. The kidneys are thereby poisoned, causing Bright's disease and diabetes. Filtering through the skin, troublesome skin diseases often show themselves.

Every organ and every nerve, depending as they do for their nourishment and renewal upon the stomach, weak digestion shows itself not alone in loss of appetite and flesh, but also in nervousness, debility, bad complexion and many other derangements.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery tones and regulates the stomach; stimulates the digestive juices; invigorates the torpid liver; promotes intestinal strength; clears bilious poisons and diseased germs out of the circulation; gives the blood-making glands keen assimilative power, and furnishes Nature with the fresh, abundant nutrition out of which she manufactures firm flesh, strong muscles, clear skin, healthy lung tissue and nerve-fiber, and gives sound, enduring, active energy to the whole system.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged

BAGGING—		
2 lb Jute	6½ @	6¾
Standard	16¼ @	6¾
Burlaps	5 @	10¼
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ₩ lb	12½ @	13
Sides ₩ lb	7 @	7½
Shoulders ₩ lb	7 @	7½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ₩ lb	6½@	6¾
Shoulders ₩ lb	@	6
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	@	1 40
New New York, each	1 40 @	1 50
New City, each	1 40 @	1 50
BEESWAX ₩ lb	@	24
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ₩ M	6 75 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ₩ lb	18 @	20
Northern	18 @	22½
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	46 @	47½
Virginia Meal	@	47½
COTTON TIES—₩ bundle	1 25 @	1 25½
CANDLES—₩ lb—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	8 @	11
CHEESE ₩ lb—		
Northern Factory	12 @	13
Dairy Cream	13½@	14
State	11½@	12
COTTON—₩ lb—		
Laguyra	13 @	16
Rio	9 @	11
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	@	5½
Yarns ₩ bunch of 5 lbs	@	70
EGGS—₩ dozen	14 @	15
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-bbl	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ half-bbl	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3 ₩ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 75 @	4 00
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	@	3 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg	3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5 @	10
" Extra	4 25 @	4 50
FLOUR—₩ B—		
Low grade	@	2 50
Choice	@	3 00
Straight	3 75 @	3 90
First Patent	4 25 @	4 50
GLUE—₩ lb	10 @	11½
GRAIN—₩ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bgs—White	52 @	53½
Car-load, in bgs—White	@	50
Oats, from store	38 @	40
Oats, Best Proof	@	45
Cow Peas	@	90
HIDES—₩ lb—		
Green salted	@	6½
Dry flint	10 @	12½
Dry salt	@	10
HAY ₩ 100 lbs		
Clover Hay	75 @	80
Rice Straw	40 @	50
Eastern	90 @	1 00
Western	90 @	1 10
North River	80 @	85
HOOF IRON, ₩ lb	3½ @	3¾
LARD ₩ lb—		
Northern	7 @	8½
North Carolina	8 @	10
LIME, ₩ barrel	1 15 @	1 25
LUMBER, (city sawed) ₩ M R—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00 @	15 00
Common mill	8 00 @	8 50
Fair mill	8 50 @	9 00
Prime mill	8 50 @	10 00
Extra mill	10 00 @	10 50
MOLASSES ₩ gallon—		
Barbadoes, in hogshead	@	28
Barbadoes, in barrels	@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	28 @	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	28 @	30
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12 @	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14 @	15
Syrup, in barrels	15 @	25
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 95 @	3 00
PORK, ₩ barrel—		
City Mess	11 50 @	12 00
Rump	11 50 @	12 00
Prime	11 00 @	11 50
ROPE, ₩ lb	10 @	22
SALT, ₩ sack, Alum	@	1 25
Liverpool	90 @	95
American	85 @	90
On 120 ₩ Sacks	@	60½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00 @	6 50
Common	1 60 @	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50 @	2 75
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Gran'd	5¼@	5¾
Standard A	4¾@	5
White Extra C	@	4¾
Extra C, Golden	@	4¼
C, Yellow	@	4¼
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½@	4
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. barrel	5 00 @	14 00
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ foot—Shipping	9 @	10 00
Mill, Prime	7 50 @	8 75
Mill, Fair	6 50 @	7 00
Common Mill	5 00 @	6 00
Inferior to ordinary	3 50 @	5 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed		
₩ M 6x24 heart	7 50 @	8 50
" Sap	5 00 @	6 00
5x20 Heart	3 00 @	3 50
" Sap	2 00 @	2 50
6x24 Heart	5 00 @	6 50
" Sap	3 00 @	5 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	@	4
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon, Northern	1 00 @	2 00
North Carolina	1 00 @	00
WOOL, per lb—Unwashed	14 @	18

Looking For It.

There is a patent lawyer in town who has a number of very bright children, so bright, indeed, that their fun loving "dad" is invariably forgiven for telling "what my boy said" to the men in his office. Here is the latest:

"I've got a tool chest out at my house that would make a carpenter sick with envy. I've been buying tools for it for 20 years. Of course I never let the youngsters touch it.

"The other day my wife went up stairs and found 'Bookie,' my youngest, 2½ years old, monkeying with that chest. He had the lid up and his head thrust in under it.

"'Bookie,' said my wife, 'what are you looking for?'

"And the youngster, knowing he had been caught, looked up and with a twinkle in his eye said:

"'Lookin for twouble!'"—Chicago News.

GLORIOUS HAIR

Is a matter of choice. Any woman may have it if she takes the trouble.

HERE'S PROOF

Miss Carrie Sparr, 2780 Cherry Street, Kansas City, Mo., writes: "Six weeks ago I began using the Seven Sutherland Sisters' Scalp Cleaner and Hair Grower. My hair was very thin, having fallen out from scarlet fever. Thick, glossy hair is now coming in, and I am positive the remedies have greatly helped me. I advise everyone to use them"

They CURE where others fail. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Feb. 3.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 53¼ cents per gallon for machine made casks and 53 cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1.35 per barrel for strained and $1.40 for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.30 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1.75 per barrel for hard, $3.00 for dip and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine 44@43½c; rosin held higher at 90@95c bid; tar firm at $1.10; crude turpentine quiet at $1 35 @2.40.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	87
Rosin	326
Tar	102
Crude turpentine	119

Receipts same day last year.—89 casks spirits turpentine, 867 bbls rosin, 680 bbls tar, 64 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5 5 16 cts. ₩ lb
Good ordinary	6 11-16 " "
Low middling	7 5 16 " "
Middling	7¼ " "
Good middling	7½ " "

Same day last year middling 5¾c.

Receipts—1,582 bales; same day last year, 285.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 62½c; extra prime, 67½c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 75c. Virginia—Prime, 55c; extra prime, 60c; fancy, 65c.

CORN—Firm; 52 to 52¼ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tidewater) 90c@$1.10; upland 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $2.25 to $3.25; six inch, $4.00 to 5.00; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.50 to $9.00 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, February 3.—Money on call nominal. Prime mercantile paper 4@5 per cent. Sterling exchange steady; actual business in bankers' bills at 487¼@487¾ for demand and 484¼@484½ for sixty days. Posted rates 485 and 488@488½. Commercial bills 483½@484¼. Silver certificates 59½@60½. Bar silver 60½ Mexican dollars 47½. Government bonds steady. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds irregular. U. S. 3's, reg'd, 102½; U. S. 3's, reg'd, 109¼; do. coupon, 109¾; U. S. new 4's, reg'd, 133½; do. coupon, 133¾; U. S. old 4's, reg'd, 115½; do. coupon, 114½; U. S. 5's, reg'd, 113½; do. coupon, 112½; N. C. 6's 127; do. 4's, 104; Southern Railway 5's 108½. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 62; Chesapeake & Ohio 29½; Manhattan L 96½. New York Central 134; Reading 18; do. 1st preferred 55½, St. Paul 120½; do. preferred 171; Southern Railway 12¾, do. preferred 56⅝; American Tobacco, 103¾; do. preferred 135; People's Gas 107¼; Sugar 115¾; do. preferred 115. T. C. & Iron 99½; U S Leather 16½; do. preferred 75¾; Western Union 86½.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

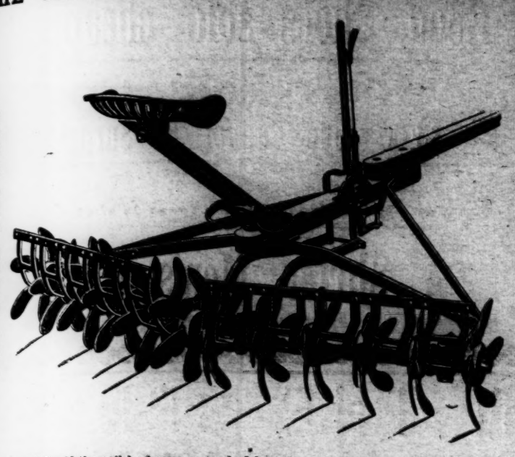
NEW YORK, February 3—Rosin firm; strained common to good $1 62½. Spirits turpentine strong at 55¾@60c.

CHARLESTON, February 3—Spirits turpentine firm at 53c asked

THE MORGAN PATENT SPADING HARROW.

FOR FALL PLOWING

Guaranteed to give Satisfaction.



Especially if the soil be heavy or packed by rains, the Spading Harrow will show its great superiority over all others. For deep and fine cultivation no other Harrow equals it.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
Purcell Building, Wilmington, N C.

nov 16 tf

$900 Worth. . .

of Drummers' Millinery Samples on sale at

THE BEE HIVE.

THE LOT CONSISTS OF

All kinds of Hats, Plumes, Tips, Feathers, Ornaments, Infants' Caps, &c.

We bought them very much below regular value, and we are selling them wonderfully cheap. You are invited to come and look over the lot and make selections. If you look you will buy at

THE BEE HIVE, W. H. GAYLORD, Prop.

JUST OPENED UP, EVERYTHING NEW.

W. H. GAYLORD'S New Clothing Department is the place to go to get anything that Men or Boys wear. We have just gotten in a fine new line of Men's and Boys' Suits, Overcoats, Pants, Hats, Caps, Shoes, Shirts, Neckwear, Underwear, Mackintoshes, Umbrellas, &c.

Give us a call. We are at No. 115 South Front street, two doors from The Bee Hive.

W. H. GAYLORD.

nov 10 tf

East Carolina Real Estate Agency.

R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C

All classes of desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.

We now offer the following valuable property:

Standing Timber

For sale, the timber on a tract of land near Bannermann's Bridge, North East river, on tide-water. Over One Million feet of fine Cypress timber on this land.

Timbered Lands.

Two Hundred and Twenty-six acres on Roan's Island on Cape Fear river. Some valuable Cypress and Gum timber.

Eighty Acres Near Burgaw.

One 80-acre tract of Land within half mile of Burgaw. None cleared, but easily put in state of cultivation.

Valuable Farm near Greenville, N. C.

A Farm of 250 acres four miles from Greenville, one mile from House station on the Atlantic Coast Line. One hundred and eighty-five acres cleared and in fine state of cultivation. One nice two-story dwelling with six rooms. One cook room and kitchen. One office. One set two-story stables with eight stalls. Two barns. Two tobacco barns. One 16-horse power engine, gin house, gin, press, etc. All necessary machinery attached. All kinds of farming implements, including wagons, carts, tools, etc. Also, four mules and one horse. Will sell all together or the land separate.

Farm of 143 Acres

in Long Creek village, Pender county. 25 acres cleared. Balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 2 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vine. Large two-story house. One good New Store house. All necessary out houses. Two tobacco houses. Two miles from Montague's Station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; sixteen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for somebody.

2,000 Acres of Land

in New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 25 acres with house and outbuildings on same, two of 30 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

House in Kenansville.

One valuable six room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birch wood Cottage," with nice office on lot; also garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—is said to be pure Spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

Fifty Acres of Land

One-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R., in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for trucking.

Property in Burgaw.

Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.

One new three-room House in town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acre. All set out in strawberries except garden and yard.

A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, front ing railroad, and is a corner lot.

Farm at Burgaw.

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings. A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm

Containing 265 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and plum trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty two acres cleared. There is one nice, new three-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 50 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

A Real Bargain.

A desirable farm of 272 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington.

Farm Near Ashton.

One hundred and fifty acres two miles from Ashton, four miles from Burgaw. Four acres cleared, most of which is very fertile low land. Balance well timbered for farming purposes. Two tenant houses.

For terms, &c., address,
R. G. GRADY & CO.,
Burgaw, N. C.

jn 7

Shapely Married Women

Every woman covets a shapely, pretty figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is very destructive to the mother's shapeliness. This can be avoided, however, by the use of MOTHER'S FRIEND before baby comes, as this scientific liniment prepares the body for the strain upon it, and preserves the symmetry of form. MOTHER'S FRIEND also obviates all the danger of child-birth, and carries the expectant mother safely through this critical period without pain. It is woman's greatest blessing, and thousands gratefully tell of the great good it has done them. Sold by all druggists at $1 00 per bottle.

Our little book, telling all about this great remedy, will be sent free to any address by THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR COMPANY, Atlanta, Georgia.

Mother's Friend

THE Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK,
WILMINGTON, N. C.,
AND
GEORGETOWN, S. C.
Lines.

From New York for Wilmington.

SAGINAW.....Saturday, Jan. 27
RICHMOND.....Saturday, Feb. 3

From Wilmington for New York.

RICHMOND.....Saturday, Jan. 27
SAGINAW.....Saturday, Feb. 3

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

RICHMOND.....Tuesday, Jan. 23
SAGINAW.....Tuesday, Jan. 30

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y.

ja 21 tf

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200 Boxes Tobacco.

400 Boxes Lye.
240 Boxes Laundry Soap.
50 Barrels Rice.
25 Barrels Vinegar.
25 Half Barrels Cider.
50 Barrels Molasses.
100 Boxes Potted Ham.
50 Boxes Corned Beef.
100 Boxes Starch.
50 Boxes Mixed Nuts.
50 Bags Cocoanuts.
100 Barrels Mullets.

Tobacco, Cigars, Cheroots and quantities of other goods

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,
ov 26 tf — No. 12 Market street.

Seasonable Goods.

MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese,
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS IN DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for Rob Roy FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

sep 10 tf

A SKILLED TRIO.

Call at No. 7 South Front street, where you will find E. W. Guion, Cornelius Davis and Henry Harris three of the most accomplished Barbers in the city. Send your children to us to have their hair cut. Shave only 10 cents. Boys' haircut 20 cents.

oct 17 tf — GUION & DAVIS

Yachting on Salt.

Save during the rainy season Lake Lefroy, in western Australia, is quite dry. But as the water evaporates as the hot weather approaches a smooth, glassy floor of crystalline salt is deposited. Those living on the shores have found a means of utilizing this.

All boats which sail on the lake when possible are, during the rainy season, fitted with four wheels, and thus are enabled to continue their travels. As Lake Lefroy has an area of 100 miles, and the surrounding country is extremely rough, this means a great saving in expense, labor and time. The speed attained by these wheeled yachts is very considerable, though not quite equal to the pace of the ice yachts so popular in Canada.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

A Senatorial Slander.

Two ladies visiting in Washington during one of the sessions of congress went to the capitol to hear the proceedings in the United States senate. Most of the galleries being filled, they approached the doorkeeper of the senators' gallery, where admission is by card. As they did not possess this passport, the doorkeeper suggested that they procure one from any senator they might be acquainted with.

"But we do not know any senator," they replied.

"Well, it is very much to your credit," said the doorkeeper. "Pass right in, ladies."—San Francisco Argonaut.

THE FINAL SMASH UP

MANY PREDICTIONS CONCERNING THE END OF THE WORLD.

These Prophecies Have Startled the Inhabitants of This Old Earth From as Far Back as the Year 1000—The Fear of Comets.

In 1521 Jean Stofler, a German, plunged Europe into terror by predicting a universal deluge in 1524 "owing to the conjunction of several planets in a watery sign"—the watery signs are Cancer, Scorpio and Pisces. At his ominous words thousands fled to the mountains, and others took refuge in boats. Awinol, a doctor of law and canon of Toulouse, even built a sort of ark on four pillars as a haven of refuge. There was no need of such excitement. No flood came. On the contrary, the season was even calmer and drier than usual. Stofler had, indeed, made a serious blunder and one for which many of his fellow astrologers, including Cardan, never pardoned him.

Stofler, however, is only one in a long list of prophets whose predictions in regard to the end of the world have proved utterly false. As far back as the year 1000 many communities in Europe were driven half distracted by rumors that the day of judgment was close at hand, and again, in 1186, whole cities were paralyzed with fright for the same reason. Now and again during the latter part of the middle ages the same extraordinary phenomenon was witnessed, though in a lesser degree, and ever since the modern revival of occultism there have not been wanting erratic prophets of the Jean Stofler type.

Years ago, a Mr. Baxter created a sensation in England by his prediction that the world would certainly come to an end in 1887. Thousands believed in him, and great was their surprise when they discovered that he was mistaken. Yet such is the credulity of human nature that their faith in him remained unshaken, and, no matter what year he selected as the final one of the world's existence, they accepted his prediction as gospel truth.

Equally bold, though doubtless not as popular as Baxter, is the Abbe Dupin, cure of the village of Dion, in France, and author of a book with the following extraordinary title: "The grand coup or universal cataclysm will ravage the world between the 19th and 21st of September, 1896, according to the Scriptures. The prophecies of the Old and New Testaments compare with those of the fathers and with the secrets of La Salette, in which is foretold the great war which will destroy nine-tenths of the human race, the coming of antichrist and his reign, after which the church will triumph over her enemies and the reign of Christ begin on earth." The author fixed September, 1896, as the time when the great "coup," as he called it, would take place, but he added that if it did not take place then it would certainly occur before the close of 1899.

The appearance of comets has frequently given rise to similar predictions. This was the case when the famous comet of 1680 appeared. Whiston ascribed the deluge to its former appearance, and such an excitement did it cause among all classes of the people that Bayle wrote a treatise to prove the absurdity of belief founded on these portents. Mme. de Levigne, writing at the same time, said:

"We have a comet of enormous size. Its tail is the most beautiful object conceivable. Every person of note is alarmed and believes that heaven, interested in their fate, sends them a warning in this comet. They say that the courtiers of Cardinal Mazarin, who is despaired of by his physicians, believe this prodigy is in honor of his passing away and tell him of the terror with which it has inspired them. He had the sense to laugh at them and to reply facetiously that the comet did him too much honor."

M. Camille Flammarion, the distinguished French astronomer, says on the same subject: "In this century predictions concerning the end of the world have several times been associated with comets. It was announced that the comet of Biela, for example, would intersect the world's orbit on Oct. 29, 1832, which did as predicted. There was great excitement. Once more the end of things was declared at hand. Humanity was threatened. What was going to happen? The orbit—that is to say, the path of the earth—had been confounded with the earth itself. The latter was not to reach that point of its orbit traversed by the comet until Nov. 30, more than a month after the comet's passage, and the latter was at no time to be within 20,000,000 leagues of us. Once more we got off with a good fright."

In his entertaining book, "La Fin du Monde," M. Flammarion gives a graphic description of a collision between the earth and a comet which is to take place some time in the twenty-fifth century. "These two heavenly bodies, the earth and the comet," he writes, "will meet like two trains rushing headlong upon each other with resistless momentum, as if impelled to mutual destruction by an insatiable rage. But in the present instance the velocity of shock will be 865 times greater than that of two express trains having each a speed of 100 kilometers per hour."—New York Herald.

Undisputed.

First Lawyer—You are a cheat and a swindler.

Second Lawyer—You are a liar and a blackguard.

The Court (softly)—Come, gentlemen, let's get down to the disputed points of the case.—Philadelphia North American.

"Shines" Were Extra.

How many New York hotels make a separate charge for blacking shoes? A man from up the state reports that he spent a day or two at one of our hotels this summer, and when he got his bill there was an item on it of 30 cents for blacking shoes. I had supposed that at all our hotels, save possibly the very minor ones, the charge for the room covered that service. In certain countries in Europe people are charged for things which never figure in bills on this side—for the use of tablecloths, for instance. A lady who was ill for some weeks in a London lodging house told me that she was compelled to pay for the wear and tear of the sheets on her bed—this in addition to a regular charge for her room.—New York Mail and Express.

Shooting Across Handle Bars.

The latest use to which bicycles have been applied is tiger hunting. A paper published in British India gives an account of this startling innovation. A pig, it appears, was carried away by a tiger from a coffee estate at Castlewood, in the state of Johore. "The news having been sent to Johore," runs the report, "the sultan's trackers were out on bicycles by midday and located the tiger in some low shrub within half a mile of the shed. The sultan himself rode out at 4 o'clock, and after a short beat of half an hour a large tiger was driven out of the shrub and fell to one well placed shot by the sultan through the tiger's forehead."

THE SQUIRE'S DILEMMA.

He Adjourned the Case to Find Out Where He Was At.

A justice of the peace in one of the west end boroughs issued a warrant for the arrest of a west end woman for slander. Squire S. J. White happened to be present at the hearing. The prosecutor testified that the defendant had called her an "old virago" and that she had added, "I don't know what that means, but whatever it is that's what you are." The witness admitted that she did not know what the meaning of the word was, either, but she knew it had no good meaning or the other wouldn't have made use of it.

"No matter what it means," said the squire, who is an intensely patriotic American, "it's a foreign name, and she had no business calling you it. I'll fine her for it."

"Squire," whispered Squire White in his ear, "you have no jurisdiction in slander suits. They must be entered in court."

"Well, I'll hold her for court, then," the squire declared.

"But there's no law under which you can do that," he was told.

"Well, I'll hold her anyhow," he replied, "and test the constitutionality of the act.'

"But there is no act," persisted Squire White.

"Get out of this office!" commanded the squire, turning on him. "Do you think I'm going to allow you to come in here and learn me the law?"

"You uns go, too," he said, turning to the women. "You're both released on your own rec-ogg-ni-zance until this court finds out what the darnation to do with this case."—Pittsburg News.

Rather Adhesive.

"What a stingy fellow old Hardrocks is! By George, I'd hate to be built that way."

"What makes you think he is stingy?"

"I don't think it. He proves it every day! Do you know that old curmudgeon is so stingy that he goes out to lunch early, before his appetite comes on, so he can save money? It's a fact. I've been watching him."—Chicago Times-Herald.

Its Disadvantage.

"I don't value success in life as highly as I used to."

"Why not?"

"After people have won fame they have nothing to look forward to."—Chicago Record.

The Tibetan highlands of Asia have an area of 770,000 square miles, and range from 13,000 to 15,000 above the sea.

Some men don't appear to be crooked until they are in straitened circumstances.—Cleveland Leader.

Holiday Goods.

Mixed Nuts, Cocoanuts, Mixed Candy and Plain. Raisins of fine quality.

Selling at Low Prices.

We also have Seed Oats, Seed Wheat and a complete line of Heavy Groceries. Lowest Prices for Quality.

The Worth Company.

dec 7 tf

THE Murchison National Bank

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Organized March 1st, 1899.

Liabilities - - $433,111.00

Assets consisting of---

Loans and discounts $319 6 8
U. S. and other bonds 129 500
Cash in banks..... 99 3 7 0
Stock liability..... 200,000

$852,828 00

We want business, and offer the above security as well as our best efforts to meet all reasonable requirements of the Business Public.

Foreign Exchange. Letters of Credit available anywhere.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

feb 3 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE — S.A.L. — VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Nov. 5, 1899.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington daily at 3:05 P. M. Lumberton 5:14 P. M., Pembroke 5:40 P. M., Maxton 6:19 P. M., Laurinburg 6:34 P. M. arriving at Hamlet 6:55 P. M., where connection is made with trains for Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South, Southeast and Southwest. Also with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Norfolk, Old Point Comfort, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

Through sleeping cars from Hamlet to Washington and Atlanta; also through sleeping car to Portsmouth.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:30 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:40 A. M., Raleigh 3:30 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:19 P. M., Charlotte 10:35 P. M., and Atlanta 7:30 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 6:45 A. M. Wadesboro 8:01 A.M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:59 A. M., Raleigh 11:15 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:30 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:30 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9.05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:58 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 408—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:38 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 408—Leaves Charlotte 8:10 A. M. Arrives Lincolnton 9:28 A. M., Shelby 10:10 A. M., Rutherfordton 11:25 A. M.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:40 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:53 P. M. Lincolnton 6:36 P. M., Charlotte 8:30 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 409—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:10 P. M., Sanford 12:58 P. M., Raleigh 3:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7:40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 3:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 4:30 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For speed safety and comfort travel by the Seaboard Air Line

For further information, sleeping car reservations, etc., apply to Thos. D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C., or to your nearest Ticket Agent.

E. ST. JOHN,
Vice President and General Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Mang'r.
L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. nov 7 tf

ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv	9 00 a m
5 50 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar	12 15 a m
5 45 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	12 35 p m
6 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 43 p m
12 43 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	3 44 p m
12 18 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 35 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	5 19 p m
10 36 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv	5 44 p m
10 00 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv	6 13 p m
9 45 a m	Ar.....Mt. Airy.....Ar	7 35 p m

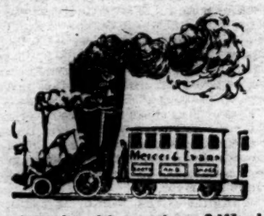
South Bound Daily No. 54.	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 55.
8 00 a m	Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv	6 15 p m
9 35 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv	5 35 p m
10 20 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv	4 52 p m
10 40 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	4 33 p m

No 46		No. 47.

South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday	MADISON BRANCH.	North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar	8 25 a m
3 40 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	9 17 a m
3 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 35 a m
1 15 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar	11 55 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
mar 26 tf



Fresh shipments of W. L. Douglass SHOES for men and boys.

And they are growing more famous every day.

Also, for Ladies' and Misses' wear, the Duttenhofer and "Jenness Miller."

They are making new friends every day.

Get in the RUSH if you want a pair for Xmas or New Year's.

MERCER & EVANS.

63½ steps east from corner Front, 63½ west from corner second. dec 19 tf

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STATEMENT OF

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON N. C.

At the Close of Business Dec. 2nd, 1899, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.

Loans		$ 858,971 54
Overdrafts		8 79
U. S. Bonds (at par)		95,500.00
Banking House and Fixtures		10,000.00
Due from app'd reserve ag'ts	$ 170 180 26	
Due from other banks	100 100.99	
Cash on hand	79,33 .51	327,6 2 7 78
Total		$1,292,338.11

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$ 125,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits		101,784.40
Circulation		41,040.00
Dep sits U. S. Treas	$ 50,000.00	
Deposits from Banks	307 868.55	
Deposits from individuals	731,7 1 .16	
Certificates of Deposit	35,000.00—1,021,408.71	
Total		$1,292,333.11

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

	Dec. 2 '97.	Dec 2, '98	Dec. 2, '99.
Total deposits	$972,000	$874,500	$1,021,000
Surplus and undivided profit	76,200	87,500	101,784

Dividends Paid—6 Per Cent. Per Annum.

☞ Last Instalment of Capital Paid in October 1892. dec 5 tf

1831 — *Seventieth Year.* — 1900

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AND ADMITTEDLY THE

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Every department written by specialists, the highest authorities in their respective lines. No other paper pretends to compete with it in qualifications of editorial staff.

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Albany, N. Y.

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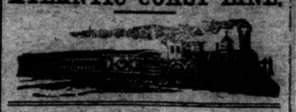
ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



Schedule in Effect Jan. 14, 1900.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.45 A. M.—No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.16 A. M., Warsaw 11.36 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M. Weldon 4.30 P. M., Petersburg 6.16 P. M., Richmond 7.25 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.35 P. M., Baltimore 1.06 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 5.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 6.50 P. M.—No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 P. M., Warsaw 8.53 P. M., Goldsboro 9.27 P. M., Wilson 10.20 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.11 P. M. Weldon 1.04 A. M., †Norfolk 10.35 A. M., Petersburg 2.37 A. M., Richmond 5.35 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.20 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.08 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 3.25 P. M.—No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M.—No. 53—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 P. M., Chadbourn 5.28 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M. Denmark 6.19 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.20 A. M., St. Augustine 10.20 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

WEST BOUND.†

DAILY 9.00 A. M.—No. 39—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.05 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M.—No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.00 P. M., New York *2.30 P. M., Philadelphia 12.23 A. M., Baltimore 2.55 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 9 48 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3 30 P. M., Warsaw 4 21 P. M., Magnolia 4 35 P. M.

DAILY 9.40 A. M.—No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.00 A. M., Philadelphia 11 33 A. M., Baltimore 1 48 P. M. Washington 3.07 P. M., Richmond 6.45 P. M., Petersburg 7.21 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 5.58 P. M., †Tarboro 6.50 P. M., Rocky Mount 8.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.20 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M.—No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.05 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 7.15 P. M.—No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 3.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9 35 A. M., Marion 10.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.35 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12 08 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 4.40 A. M.—No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 2.30 P. M. arrive Fayetteville 3.41 P. M., leave Fayetteville 3.46 P. M.

*Daily ex cept Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 5.15 A. M. Maxton 9.30 A. M., Red Springs 9 53 A. M. Hope Mills 10 42 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4 40 P. M. Hope Mills 4.53 P. M., Red Springs 5.36 P. M. Maxton 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leave Rocky Mount 7.00 A. M., arrive Weldon 9.05 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 A. M., arrive Richmond 11.05 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 P. M., Greenville 6.37 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.58 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.15 A. m., Weldon 11.55 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 5.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11 00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 8.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.00 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.10 A. M. and 11 00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 9.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.35 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 10 00 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 11.10 A. M., 4.46 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.53 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11 30 A. M., 5.23 P. M. Nashville 12.15 A. M.; 5.35 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.02 A. M., arrives Latta 10.34 A. M., Dillon 10.56 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 4.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 4.30 P. M., Latta 4.55 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Boardman at 3.00 P. M. Chadbourn 3.32 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M., leave Conway 8.30 A. M. Chadbourn 11.50 A. M.; arrive Boardman 12.26 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 7.13 P. M., Manning 8.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 9.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.24 A. M., Manning 9.00 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 4.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 5.30 A. M., 5.55 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 3.00 P. M.; arrive Darlington 10.18 A. M., Hartsville 7.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 14.35 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.30 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.0? A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 9.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.55 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.40 A. M., arrive Florence 9 15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.20 P. M., 10 P. M. arrive Selma 1.45 P. M. 11.10 P. M., Smithfield 2.09 P. M. Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.2? P. M., 12.17 A. M., Rowland 6.0? P. M. returning leave Rowland 10.58 A. M., Fayetteville 12.12 P.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 4.

A REMARKABLE DOCUMENT.

Emanating from the Secretary of State of the Boer Republic—Written for the American Public.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, February 3.—The papers here publish extracts from a remarkable document emanating from the office of the Secretary of State at Pretoria, dated December 16th. The document comprises 10,000 words, and is countersigned by Secretary of State Reitz It seems specially written for the American public. It says:

"We, to a great extent, depend on America and Europe for our food stuffs. It will be criminal on the part of great powers to suffer this little nation to perish by famine since the sword has failed. Since, in 1870, the President of the United States acknowledged our Republic as a sovereign State, Americans have flocked here in numbers. In every instance the hand of fellowship has been extended to them. Not a case of disagreement is on record; but with the first war note of the oppressor we are informed that America is acting in league with the enemy. If our sister Republic has no sympathy with us, if the boasted condescension of the British is to be preferred to sincerity and truth, we will no longer believe in the justice and integrity of the American nation, and her profession of christianity we will consider empty sound."

Secretary Reitz further says the Boers have never abused the white flag and that the British murdered women, children and American and German subjects at Derdepeport.

DEATH OF GOVERNOR GOEBEL

A Brother and His Married Sister Were Alone With Him When the End Came at 6 44 P. M.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FRANKFORT, KY, Feb. 3.—Mr. Goebel died exactly at 6.44 o'clock P. M. Arthur Goebel of Cincinnati, and Mrs. Braunaker of Ohio, his married sister, both of whom have been constant attendants at the dying man's bedside, were alone with him when the end came. They had previously requested Dr. Hume to leave them alone with their unconscious brother. The doctor withdrew shortly, and soon after, while kneeling by the bedside of their brother, he gave a gasp and was gone. Stricken with sorrow and anguish the brother and sister did not move from their positions. They remained in the room with the door closed upon everybody until 7 20 o'clock, when their brother, Justus Goebel, who has been hurrying from Arizona, arrived. He entered the room and the door was closed a few minutes. Soon after Dr. Hume was summoned, and to him Arthur Goebel announced that Mr. Goebel had died at 6 44 o'clock.

At 7 37 notices of Mr. Goebel's death were passed through the hotel corridors.

CAMPAIGN IN THE PHILIPPINES

Rapid Progress Being Made in Opening Up the Hemp Ports in the Islands. Movements of Troops.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, February 3.—General Otis' latest reports of military operations in the Philippines shows that rapid progress is being made in opening up the hemp ports in the islands south of Luzon. Colonel Kobbe, in command of an expedition in the islands of Samear and Leyte, adjoining Luzon on the southeast, reports the capture of three of the most important towns in the islands, and of large quantities of hemp at these points. General Otis' cablegram, received at the War Department to-day, is as follows:

"Kobbe drove the insurgents under General Lukban into the mountains, capturing a large arsenal and powder house, Lukban's baggage and money, and all his artillery. At Tacloban the insurgent loss is ten killed; no American casualties. Kobbe captured at all points thirty pieces of artillery, a good many rifles, stores and ammunition. Large quantities of hemp at points seized by Kobbe. Thirty merchant vessels are engaged in transporting it to Cuba and Manila."

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The Indian Appropriation Bill Passed—No Other Business.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, February 3.—The House to day passed the Indian Appropriation bill. It was slightly amended in unimportant particulars. An attempt to revive the policy of making contracts with religious schools for the education of Indian children which has been gradually abandoned by the government during the last five years failed on the ruling of the chair, that the amendment was out of order. The latter part of the session was devoted to eulogies upon the life and public services of the late representative Ermentrout of Pennsylvania.

CLOSED ITS DOORS.

The Commercial and Farmers' Bank at Rock Hill, S. C.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C, Feb. 3.—The Commercial and Farmers Bank, at Rock Hill, S. C., closed its doors at 1 15 this afternoon. A run started on the bank in the second week of last December and continued until yesterday; the to al run amounting to $65. 000. Directors are men of means and it is believed depositors will be paid in full.

A Monster Devil Fish

Destroying its victim, is a type of Constipation. The power of this murderous malady is felt on organs and nerves and muscles and brain. There's no health till it's overcome. But Dr King's New Life Pills are a safe and certain cure. Best in the world for Stomach, Liver, Kidney and Bowels Only 25 cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

STILL CONTINUES TO DEFY THE LAW

Taylor Refused to Recognize a Writ of Habeas Corpus Issued by Judge Brown.

GEOBEL'S DEATH ANNOUNCED.

Lieut. Gov. Beckham Sworn in as Governor—His Orders to the Military. Injunction to Restrain Taylor. Republicans Off to London.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FRANKFORT, KY., February 3.—Civil and military authority in Kentucky have come face to face at last and unless one or the other recedes from the positions occupied to night there can be but one outcome and that is civil war.

Governor Taylor must within forty-eight hours surrender to the Circuit Court of Franklin county the person of Alonzo Walker, now held in custody by him in the State executive building or Sheriff Suter, of Franklin county, with a powerful posse at his back, will attempt his release by force, and it is hardly within the range of possibility that the attempt can be made without blood shed or loss of life. If once blood is shed in an armed conflict in the streets of Frankfort, it is beyond the wisdom of any man to tell how far the flames of strife may spreda.

Governor Taylor this afternoon refused to acknowledge the existence or permit the service of a writ of *habeas corpus* issued by Judge Moore of the county court. He thus tacitly suspends the writ of *habeas corpus* in the courts of Franklin county. Judge Moore announced that he would see that the sheriff has power sufficient to enforce the mandate of his court.

Proceedings in Habeas Corpus Case.

FRANKFORT, KY., Feb. 3.—Governor Taylor and Adjutant General Collier late this afternoon flatly refused to recognize a writ of *habeas corpus*. issued by Judge Moore, for the release of Alonzo Walker, a stenographer who was arrested and put into confinement yesterday after pinning a notice of a writ of injunction on the door of Governor Taylor's chambers in the executive building. Judge Moore said, after Sheriff Suter had reported his inability to serve the writ of *habeas corpus*, that unless Governor Taylor recedes from his position the sheriff would be instructed to enforce the order of the court and would be given sufficient armed force to insure this result.

Shortly after 4 o'clock Mrs. Lizzie G. Walker, the wife of the imprisoned man, appeared before Judge Moore, of the County Court, and applied for a writ of *habeas corpus* for the release of Alonzo Walker, making affidavit that he had been deprived of his liberty without due process of law. Judge Moore at once directed that a writ of *habeas corpus* be issued against Governor Taylor and Adjutant Collier, demanding the release of Walker, and the writ was placed in the hands of Sheriff B. F. Suter, with directions to serve immediately. In company with Judge Andrew Scott and former Congressman J. K. Hendricks, Sheriff Suter started down St. Clair street toward the Capitol grounds to serve the writ. Crossing the tracks of the Chesapeake & Ohio railroad he was met by Captain Walcutt, provost marshal of the State troops guarding the State buildings, and together the two walked to the entrance of the Capitol grounds. Sheriff Suter explained the nature of his mission to Captain Walcutt, who at once went to the executive building to notify Governor Taylor and Adjutant General Collier of the matter and learn their wishes in regard to the matter. Sheriff Suter, in the meantime, stood without the gate close to two sentries whose crossed bayonets formed a bar to his access In a moment or two Captain Walcutt returned. In the meantime an immense crowd had gathered around the sheriff in the expectation of trouble. No one was allowed to enter the ground, however, except a mail carrier with a sack full of letters, for whom the bayonets were uncrossed. When in a moment or two Captain Walcutt returned, he also was immediately surrounded by a number of the members of the State militia. Captain Walcutt stepped down the sidewalk in front of the sheriff and said: "I'm afraid you can't come in, Mr. Sheriff." The captain was smiling as he made this announcement.

"Well," said Sheriff Suter, "I have a writ of *habeas corpus* here for the body of Alonzo Walker and I demand to be allowed to serve it."

Captain Walcutt hesitated a moment but the smile never left his face. "I'm sorry, but you can't come in, Suter," he finally said. "Is there anything else I can do?"

Sheriff Suter looked at the burly form of the captain, and then smiled slightly himself. "Well, no, I guess not," he replied, "but I demand admittance here." Captain Walcutt, still smiling, shook his head. The representative of judicial authority and the representative of military authority regarded each other silently for a moment, then Sheriff Suter turned away and slowly walked back to the Capitol hotel, where he found Judge Moore and reported his inability to serve the writ.

The writ as returned to Judge Moore bore on its back the following written endorsement by Sheriff Suter:

"The within writ is returned unexecuted, because I was prevented from executing same by military force. I went to the State House square and demanded admittance of the officer in charge at the gates, but was refused admittance. I demanded to see Col. Roger Williams, and sent Captain Walcutt to see him, but he refused to be seen, and I thereupon demanded the body of Alonzo Walker and he refused to deliver him.

[Signed] "B. F. SUTER,
"Sheriff of Franklin Co."

Taylor Enjoined.

Judge Cantrill of the Circuit Court, this morning granted a temporary injunction restraining Governor Taylor from interfering with the meetings of the Legislature and from removing the seat of the Legislature to London, Ky. The temporary injunction is to remain binding until February 8th, when the hearing to make it permanent will be heard before Judge Cantrill at Georgetown, Ky.

Immediately after the issuance of the writ, Judge Cantrill instructed Sheriff Suter, of Franklin county, to make no effort to present the order of court. The judge directed that it be allowed to remain binding without service because of the danger threatening the man who should undertake the task and the results that might ensue, owing to the state of the public mind.

Beckham Sworn in as Governor.

Exactly one hour after the death of Mr. Goebel, J. C. W. Beckham was sworn in as Governor of the State, the oath being administered by S. J. Shackelford, clerk of the Court of Appeals.

When the clerk read the concluding words of the oath, "so help me God," Mr. Beckham's reply came, "I do," and then with greater emphasis, "and may God give me strength to do my duty."

The first official act of Mr. Beckham was the appointment of a new adjutant general and his last act before taking the oath was an order removing Adjutant General Collier and Assistant Adjutant General Dickson.

The order was delivered to Captain Bennett at the gate of the Capitol grounds twenty five minutes before the death of Mr. Goebel. Mr. Beckham was made acting Governor last night by medical certificate of Dr. McCormack that Mr. Goebel was unable to assume the functions of the office.

Mr. Beckham seemed deeply affected by the position in which circumstances had placed him, and he did not reveal much joy over the congratulations which those in the room showered upon him, although he accepted them gratefully.

"There is one thing that I would have been greatly pleased to have had done by Mr. Goebel before his death," he said, "and that is to have signed the certificate of Senator Blackburn. Of course I am greatly pleased to have the privilege myself, but I know that it was a matter close to the heart of Mr. Goebel, and I wish that he could have lived long enough to do it I think I can promise," he said with a smile, "that it will be one of the first things I will do on Monday."

Republicans Going to London.

Chairman John Barrett, of the Republican joint caucus, has issued a call for a session of the caucus at the court house in London on Monday at 4 P. M. This is taken to indicate that there will be an attempt to organize a Legislature and to elect new officers. To make a quorum it will be necessary for the troops to arrest and take to London enough of the Democrats for that purpose. A leader of the party said: "We will elect all legislative officers, and elect Governor Bradley to the United States Senate, thereby getting a contest in the Senate, which will bring a decision from competent authority."

There was a general exodus of Republican Representatives and Senators to day in the direction of London. Many members have been leaving by twos and threes for the last two days, going to their homes and intending to go from there to London, but to day there was a concerted movement, and all of those who had been left behind, about fifteen, started on the morning train.

Arms and Ammunition.

Several cases of rifles and a large quantity of ammunition was forwarded to London last night by express, by Adjutant General Collier. He says he expects no trouble at London but wishes to have matters ready for any emergency.

Governor Taylor has, for the first time being at least, given up the idea of going to London and will remain in the executive building in Frankfort.

United States Senator-elect Blackburn arrived in Frankfort from Washington this morning to hold a conference with the Democratic leaders and to advise with them in regard to the probable effect of the attitude of the administration toward Governor Taylor.

Democrats Consulting.

Senator Blackburn was met at the station by Col. Jack Chinn, Speaker South Trimble, of the House, and other prominent Democrats, and on arrival at the Capitol Hotel immediately held a consultation with ex Congressman Hendricks, Lieutenant Governor Beckham, J. Andrew Scott, J. A. Prior, Attorney General McQueewn, Representative Gantrill, G. W. Hickman, and Speaker Trimble. The determination of the administration not to interfere with the course of events at Frankfort until actually necessary, as shown by yesterday's cabinet meeting, and Senator Blackburn's interview with the President, was evidently gratifying to the Democratic leaders.

Senator Blackburn strongly urged the necessity of preserving peace at all hazards and to allow no acts of violence to occur under any circumstances, but to allow matters to proceed to a conclusion in the courts.

The authorities at Louisville telephoned county Judge Moore to day asking if James Lester Sutter, who was arrested last night on the charge of having shot Governor Goebel and taken to Louisville, should be held. Judge Moore replied to hold Sutter for the present.

Advice to Taylor.

WASHINGTON, February 3.—Senator Deboe, of Kentucky, to day sent a brief telegram to Governor Taylor at Frankfort, advising him to allow the State Legislature to meet at that point

At least one other dispatch has been sent to Governor Taylor of the same tenor, but a copy of it is not obtainable.

Goebel's Death Announced.

Both speakers of the Legislature signed and issued the following address to the people of Kentucky:

"It is with the most profound sorrow that we announce the death of Governor William Goebel. In his last moments he counselled his friends to keep cool and bow to the law in all things. We, his friends, beg of the people of Kentucky, in this hour of affliction, to carefully abstain from any act of violence or any resort to mob law. It would be his wish if he were alive that there should be absolutely no stain on his memory by any imprudent act of any who were his friends. The law is supreme and must in time be re-established, and all the wrongs he and his party have suffered will find their proper redress."

Gov. Beckham's Proclamation.

Late to night Mr. Beckham issued a proclamation announcing, "with the profoundest sorrow," the death of Mr. Goebel, and his own qualification as Governor. In the death of Mr. Goebel he said "Kentucky has lost one of her greatest and noblest sons."

The proclamation commands the militia now in possession of the city and public buildings to disband and return home.

"Feeling most deeply the responsibilities and difficulties of the situation," the proclamation concludes, "I invoke the aid and support of all the law-abiding and law-respecting Christian people of this commonwealth; and I promise, in a legal way, if within the power of man, to restore peace, quiet and protection to all individuals, regardless of party or station, under the constitution which I have sworn so solemnly to obey."

Gov. Beckham has appointed General John B. Castleman, of Louisville, Adjutant General of the State.

The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Surplus reserve, increase $1,593.300; loans, increase $11,249 800; specie, increase $5-002,600; legal tenders, increase $436,-500; deposits, increase $15,391; circulation, increase $223.800. The banks now hold $30.871,275 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent. rule.

A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Old Sores, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, all Skin Eruptions. Best Pile Cure on earth. Only 25c a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

If you wish to sell a farm or city property place it in the hands of the East Carolina Real Estate Agency. R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

WAR SITUATION IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Every Reason to Believe That Buller is Advancing for Relief of Ladysmith.

RECROSSED TUGELA RIVER.

Estimates of the Boers' Strength—Lord Roberts' Movements in Cape Colony. Denial of Report That Mafeking Had Been Relieved.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, February 4.—Spencer Wilkinson writes the following review of the situation in South Africa for the Associated Press at midnight:

"It is morally impossible for Buller's army, so long as there is any fight left in it, to sit still while Sir George White is invested at Ladysmith. Better than that would be to lose 10,000 men in an attempt at relief. Accordingly, it is probable that General Buller will try again, and indeed, that he is now on the move or fighting.

"As he has kept General Lyttleton's brigade north of the river the probability is that his next move will be an advance on Lyttleton's right. He would hardly go to Lyttleton's left, because that would only lead to a fresh attack of Spion Kop and the range of which of which it is a part. He would not go to the east of Colenso except with his whole force, lest Barton's brigade at Potgieter's Drift may, therefore, be taken as proof that the new move will not be to the east of Colenso

"East of Potgieters there are several drifts, one or two of which Gen. Buller's guns command, and he can therefore cross the river, but the Boers have had ample time to prepare positions beyond the river.

"A frontal attack would, as usual, be costly, but unless the General is prepared for a heavy loss he has little chance of breaking through the Boer defences.

The Right Plan of Attack.

"The right plan would be that adopted by General Sherman when he pushed back Johnston from Chattanooga to Atlanta. Sherman entrenched along Johnston's front and then extended his line to one of the flanks. By the time Sherman was ready to move a force around behind his entrenched line to attack Johnston in flank and threaten his retreat, the Confederate general usually withdrew. Such tactics are possible only when a force is numerically superior. We do not know the strength of the Boers in Natal. Winston Churchill estimates them at only 19,000, of whom seven thousand are observing Ladysmith. This would give Buller 25,000 against 12 000 and should render possible something like Sherman's manœuvres. But there is reason to believe that Buller's own estimate of the Boer force is much higher.

Lord Roberts' Movements.

"Lord Roberts will certainly not hurry his move from the Cape. He will first complete the assembling of his forces, which will not all have arrived for another three weeks. Then he will have transport properly organized and in working order before he will start. After that he will probably make a rapid move; but no outcry will induce him to start until he considers all is ready.

"Last week's report that Mafeking had been relieved seems to have arisen from Colonel Plumer's skirmish near Crocodile Pools. The report came from Boer sources and this origin of it seems to show that the Boers are now sanguine of success in the northwest They have probably reduced their forces in that region in order to strengthen themselves against Methuen and General Buller."

Gen. Buller's Movement.

LONDON, February 3 2 P. M.—The War Office is silent as regards General Buller, but there is every reason to believe that he is continuing his movement upon Ladysmith. Those who are in a position to know, confirm his reported re crossing of the Tugela river and believe he was engaged yesterday. The message from Ladysmith Thursday saying the Boer forces were leaving again and that the beseiged force was considerably diminished, tends to confirm this.

Field Marshal Roberts has notified the War Office that forty Highlanders who were previously reported killed at Magersfontein are prisoners at Pretoria.

Major Bathurst, who was wounded at the battle of Colenso, arrived at Southampton to-day on board the Servia. He says there are twenty thousand Boers at the Tugela river, but that General Buller can get through if he is prepared to sacrifice five or six thousand men.

Dr. Leyds at Berlin.

BERLIN, Feb. 3.—Dr. Leyds, diplomatic agent of the Transvaal, continues to be the sensation here. The officers of the British embassy are amazed at the warmth of his reception and the interest taken in the war, which is most intense. Dr. Leyds, the correspondent is reliably informed, had another long conference with Count von Buelow, the minister of foreign affairs, yesterday, at the foreign office. Dr. Leyds refused to make any statement on the subject.

A letter from the Orange Free State artillery chief, dated Kronstad, December 17th, says: "The artillery hitherto has proved of little avail on both sides, in spite of the fact that the Boers' guns are better than those of the English and the Boers' aim is better than the English. The battles of Magersfontein and Colenso were decided by the rifles and not the guns."

General Albrecht ridicules the Lyddite bombs, which, he says, caused no damage. He concludes with saying that, judging from the present war, the losses through the most modern weapons are no greater than before, but rather smaller.

STRUCK A WATER-SPOUT.

Two Badly Battered Schooners Towed Into Port at Norfolk, Va.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NORFOLK, VA., February 3.—Two badly battered schooners were towed in here this morning and both reported having been struck by a water spout or something, which came near destroying them. They are the Sarah J. Tyler, Captain Vetra, and the Eddie, Captain Thomas; both bound from Baltimore to Norfolk with coal.

The Eddie fared worse. Captain Thomas said something, he cannot tell what, struck his schooner shortly after noon yesterday as she neared the Horse Shoe, in Chesapeake bay. The captain was thrown without warning to the deck, and when he recovered himself he found that his ship was severely hurt and a torrent of water was pouring on the Eddie's deck. The experience of the Tyler was somewhat similar.

Read the advertisement of the East Carolina Real Estate Agency in this issue of the STAR. It offers for sale some very valuable farms. †

THE REUBEN ROSS CASE.

Governor Russell Still Struggling With the Matter—State Experiment Farms. Teachers' Assembly.

[Special Star Telegram.]

RALEIGH, N. C., February 3.—Governor Russell is still studying the case of the negro Reuben Ross, who is under sentence to hang next Friday at Lumberton. During the past week Senator McIntyre was here on behalf of some citizens of Robeson county who believe Ross is guilty and should be executed. Next Monday a large delegation from Robeson, especially from the Red Springs section, will be in Raleigh to present their views as to the negro's innocence. They desire a commutation of sentence.

The sites were this week selected for the two State experiment farms. One is a mile and a half from Red Springs, on land of H. C. Brown. It comprises ten acres. The other is three miles from Tarboro, on land of Battle Bryan. This comprises twenty acres. Two men will be put on each farm. The land for both farms is leased.

State Superintendent Mebane today sent out letters urging all county superintendents of schools in the State to attend the Teachers' Assembly at Morehead next June.

WARM WIRELETS.

Manheim Brown, the juror in the Molineux poison murder case, whose illness interrupted the trial, will in all probability be able to be in court on Monday.

Postmaster Keesee and a Mr. Adams, were struck by northbound train No. 36, at Sycamore station, Pittsylvania county, and instantly killed. Further particulars unobtainable.

Senator Bacon, of Georgia, slipped and fell on the icy steps of his house yesterday, fracturing a rib on his left side. He is suffering severely from the shock, but his condition is not serious.

Brigham A. Roberts, on his arrival at Salt Lake, Utah, was arrested for unlawful cohabitation with Dr. Maggie Shipp. He was released on his own recognizance to appear on Monday morning next for a preliminary hearing.

Joseph Reilly, of Lincoln, Ill., was arraigned in a police court in New York city, charged with robbing letter boxes in the Eighth district. It is alleged that between 5,000 and 6,000 letters were stolen by Reilly.

The Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections decided to recommend that no further proceedings be taken in the case of the protest against Senator Scott, of West Virginia, continuing to hold his seat in the Senate.

Judge J. M. Key died in Chattanooga, Tenn., aged 76 years. He was one of the most distinguished men in the South; he was a Colonel in the Confederate army. In 1865 he was appointed United States Senator, to fill the unexpired term of Andrew J. Johnson.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency offers for sale the timber on a tract of land on North East River. It includes over one million feet of fine Cypress timber. See advertisement

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance

Wanted—Boarders in quiet private family. Mrs. Johnson & McIntire No. 419 Grace street. fe 4 1t*

Wanted, Position—Druggist with three years experience. Address "C." care the STAR. fe 3 2t*

Wanted—Reliable men to deliver and collect. Salary $15 per week and expenses Address Globe Co. 733 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa. f 2 3t

Stenography.—Yesterday I had three inquiries for stenographers and another a few days ago If you could take a course with me, I would have it reported for one of the places. I also offer a Practical Commercial Course and Instruction in the usual academic branches. Andrew J. Howell, Jr., Y. M. C. A Building. feb 1 tf

Your Nervousness and insomnia and "that tired feeling" may be caused by that discordant Piano next door. Why not mention to your neighbor the name of a real live tuner. Of course you can is all right. John G. Russell, corner Fourth and Grace streets Bell 'Phone 98. ja 28 tf

For sale Cheap—One 35 horse-power Erie Boiler; One 6-ho se Atlas Engine; one 30-inch Steedman Disintegrator one two-foot Triumph Steam Dryer. Apply to J. F. Garrell & Co. ja 21 tf

Please Call—We carry a full line of Crockery, Chinaware, Glassware, Lamps, Lamp Chimneys, Tinware, etc. John J Kelly, 21 Market street. ja 16 6m

Seventeen Photographs for 25c. We are prepared to give you 8 even Photographs for 25c. Call and see our samples. They are displayed up stairs in the studio. This work is for a limited time, of course and you had better come at once. Call at the STAR Studio, 116 market street. ja 19 tf

Dr. M H. P. Clark Surgeon Dentist. Solicits the patronage of the people of Wilmington Parlor, 105 Princess street, second floor. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 1 P M. and 2 to 5 P. M. ja 7 1m

For Sale—Fine Turpentine location, with complete outfit of Teams, Wagons, Still, etc., on W. C. & A. R. R. Removal from State causes sale. J. C. Powell, Peacocks, N. C ja 5 tf

Notice—Don't fail to examine my stock of Holiday Goods, Oranges, Apples, Malaga Grapes, Nuts, Cocoa Nuts, Figs, Raisins, Prunes, and a nice line of Fancy Candy. Prices are right if given a chance. A. S. Winstead. dec 0 tf

Fresh Ground Graham and Rye Flour Seed Rye Wheat and all kinds mixed Feed for horses and cattle. John S. McEachern, 211 Market street. 'Phones 92. 30 15 tf.

Tom and Jerry, Hot Spiced Rum, Hot Scotch, Hot Whiskey, Hot Lunch and Oysters every day at The Globe, No. 22 Market street. oct 3 tf

For Sale—Hand-made Buggies of different makes. Also Harness of all kinds; and prices to suit the times Come and see me when in need of something nice. S. H. Hayden. sep 4 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 9 tf

Why not call on Marshall & Jones for your Blacksmith and Wheelwright work Electrical well work and Plumbing at their General Repair Shops, Seventeenth and Market streets Bell 'Phone 474, Inter-State 127 call 4. Competent workmen in every department. sep 24 tf

Maxton Building and Loan Association,

MAXTON, N. C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, MAXTON.
ED. MCRAE, MAXTON.
A. J. MCKINNON, MAXTON.
G. B. PATTERSON, MAXTON.
R. W. LIVERMORE, PATES.
W. H. BERNARD, WILMINGTON.
M. G. MCKENZIE, MAXTON.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per share.
Subscriptions to stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per share
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses. and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars. J. D. CROOM, President
W. P. HARKER Secretary. ja 19 tf

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, House Furnishing Goods.....

Our Motto,
No Fancy Prices.

WE ARE ON THE JOBBERS' LIST AND WILL SELL YOU GOODS RIGHT.

Country Merchants would do well to get our prices before placing orders.

O. P. CAZAUX & CO.
ja 7 tf

It Is Here Your Wants Find Fulfillment.

—FRESH GOODS—

IN MALAGA GRAPES,
CALIFORNIA PEARS,
SWEET JAMAICA ORANGES,
ASPINWALL BANANAS,

and a choice assortment of fine Candies, second to none in the city.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,
ja 27 tf 204 Princess street.

We Show

The latest things in Furnishings. We've the newest shapes in Collars and cuffs as soon as they come out Now we know is the kind we sell new shapes, designs and colorings Good wearing Shirts. Shoes are also in our stock Other minor articles of men's dress. All prices as low as possible here.

VONGLAHN & GIBSON,
ja 28 tf MEN'S WEAR DEPOT, No. 5 North Front St.

FINE SEED POTATOES.

75 bags E. R. Potatoes.
75 bags E. O. Potatoes.
300 tons Kainit.
400 tons Acid.
500 tons Ammoniated Goods.
200 tons Cotton Seed Meal.

Also, full line Groceries.
Write for prices.

D. L. GORE CO.,
feb 1 tf Wholesale Grocers, Wilmington, N. C.

FOR THE NEW YEAR

We will offer to the trade at the Lowest Prices,

Selected brands of Flour, Water Ground Meal, Soap, Sugar, Starch,

and other Standard Groceries, including

Tobacco, Cigars and Cigarettes

Thanking our customers for their past favors, we shall by satisfactorily supplying their wants, endeavor to merit their continued support.

RICE STRAW.

WILLIAMS BROS.,
dec 31 tf 16 and 18 North Water street.

TO OUR FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS:

WE WISH YOU A

Happy New Year

and solicit your orders for

Groceries

to help us to the same.

Yours, truly,

D. McEACHERN, Wholesale Grocer.
ja 3 tf

-:-SEED - POTATOES-:-

125 Bags E. R. Potatoes.
100 Bags Ohio Potatoes.
900 Bushels Best Corn.
800 Bushels Va. Meal.
750 Bales Best Hay.
800 Gross Little Star Matches.
525 Gross Globe Matches.
340 Gross Coast Matches.
240 Gross B. & C. Matches.
175 Gross Yukon Matches.
100 Gross Safety Matches.

W. B. COOPER,
feb 1 tf Wholesale Grocer, Wilmington, N. C.

Left Over From Holidays!

Ladies' Desks, Tabourettes, Tables, in Golden Oak Flemish Oak, and Bird Eye Maple. Inlaid and Decorated Morris Chairs, in Golden Oak and Mahogany Frames, Velour Cushions, Fancy Chairs in Oak, Mahogany, Pure Gold White Enamel.

At Cost,

N. F. PARKER
Furniture and Furniture Novelties,
No. 17 South Front Street.
Messenger and Dispatch copy. ja 28 tf

Good Shoes sold cheaply.

Our store is the place to buy if you wish to spend a Little Money and get Shoes that are Really Good.

My $3.00 Line Cannot Be Surpassed.

My Furnishing Goods for men are Perfection in Quality and Low in Price.
The Most Stylish Line of 50c Neckwear in Wilmington.

A. Shrier, Men's Wear.

Bell 'Phone 565. 34 Front and Princess. feb 4 tf

THE SPRING

A Young Man's fancy lightly turns to his new Spring Suit, and where he can have it made in the most elegant and at the same time nobby style. Our reputation for high class tailoring will suggest that he come here, as we are now displaying the best line of Spring Fabrics for SUITS and OVERCOATS to be seen in the city. LEAVE YOUR ORDER NOW AND WE WILL HAVE SUIT OR OVERCOAT READY On Time. FURNISHING GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

M. H. CURRAN,
feb 4 tf 107 PRINCESS STREET.

Special Announcement.

Miss Sarah Gardner, one of the best Trimmers in the State, and who has been with Taylor's Bazaar for about ten years, has now charge of our Millinery Department. She will leave in a few weeks for the North, and will remain there for some time; will visit all the leading houses and will bring out the latest designs. She will be pleased to attend to any special orders entrusted to her

We expect to show the finest and prettiest line of Millinery ever brought to the city, which we shall offer at Special Prices.

Very respectfully,

J. H. Rehder & Co.

BIG DEPARTMENT STORE.

Bell 'Phone 118. 615, 617, 619 N. Fourth St.
Car fare paid on purchases of $2 and up. feb 4 tf

TABLE TALK

among friends always turns upon the excellence of our Choice Teas and Coffees, the rare flavor of our genuine Olive Oil, and the exquisite Pickles, Relishes, Jams and Preserves that are so tempting to the fastidious taste. Everything procured from our store and who eeome foods is always satisfactory Our prices are lower for high grade foods than at any store in Wilmington.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,
B. F. KING, Manager.
'Phone 287. Fourth Street Bridge.
feb 4 tf

Ring Up Bell 'Phone 84

WHEN YOU WANT

-:-Coal -:- and -:- Wood.

JAMES H. TAYLOR, Agent,
ja 21 tf 211 South Water Street.

LADIES' SHOES!

(Goodyear Welt) same as Hand Sewed.

$1.50

On Exhibition in Our Window.

SOLOMON'S SHOE DEPARTMENT.

We close at 7 P. M. except Saturdays. ja 28 tf

Just back from Dixie

With a lot of Ladies' long sleeve flat thread Underveats at 10 and 12½c. Ladies' ribbed long sleeve Undervests at 12½ and 15c; 6c Carlton Flannel at 5c. 8c Carlton Flannel at 6c. Sea Island Hom spun at 3½c Good Apron Ginghams at 4 and 5c Best Calico at 4 4½ and 5c Fruit of the Loom Bleaching at 7½c. ten yards to one customer. Barker 4 4 Bleachiur at 8½c ten yards to one customer. Other brands of Bleaching at 4 4½ and 5c. Just received 2 000 yards of Percales, all colors, stripes figures and solid colors. Regular price 12½c We will sell any of it at 10c Check Homespun at 4, 4½ and 5c Good heavy Pants Cloth at 11½, 13½ 15, 20 and 25c. Good heavy double knee Overalls at 48c. Good heavy Overalls with apron and suspenders 75c. Pretty colors in Worsted at 10 12½, 15 and 20c. We can sell you a Man's Hat for 50c that will cost you $1.00 anywhere in the city. Other grades of Men's Hats at 50, 75c, $1 00 and $2 25. We will sell a boy 16 years old a good Suit of Clothes at $1.48. Boy's Pants, 19c to 50c. Men's Pants, 39c to $2.75. Men's Suits, $3.95 to $12 50.

NOTIONS.—A big lot of Turkish Bath Soap at 1c a cake. A big lot of Tar Soap at 1c a cake. A nice large cake of Soap nicely flavored. Regular price 5c. We will sell at 3c a cake. Patent Hooks and Eyes, white and black at 5c a card. J. O King's good Machine Thread two spools for 5c.

SHOES—Good heavy elastic oil grain shoes, 99c. Other grades of Brogans at 99c. Ladies' patent tip button or lace Shoes at 9 c. Better grades from $1 00 to $3.00. Men's Shoes from $1 00 to $4 00. The above prices are our every day prices.

G. O. GAYLORD'S Branch Store,
J. B. BOYD, General Manager.
Bell 'Phone 597. Corner Fourth and Campbell Streets. ja 28 tf

THE JOHNSON DRY GOODS CO.

Will show this week a NEW LINE OF SILKS. Cut in Waist Patterns. No two alike. They are Beauties.

10 pieces Black Goods, value 75 cents to $1 00 per yard,

At 50 cents.

The Handsomest Line of NEW EMBROIDERIES in the city.

NO. 111 MARKET STREET. ja 28 tf

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